

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA

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INVITATION TO COMMENT SPR16-19

Title	Action Requested
Juvenile Law: Termination of Jurisdiction Over Nonminor	Review and submit comments by June 14, 2016
Proposed Rules, Forms, Standards, or Statutes	Proposed Effective Date
Amend Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.555; revise forms JV-365 and JV-367	January 1, 2017
Proposed by	Contact
Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee	Corby Sturges, 415-865-4507 corby.sturges@jud.ca.gov
Hon. Jerilyn L. Borack, Cochair	
Hon. Mark A. Juhas, Cochair	

Executive Summary and Origin

The Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee proposes amending one of the California Rules of Court and revising two Judicial Council forms to provide legally accurate information about available benefits to nonminors facing termination of juvenile court jurisdiction. The form revisions would implement amended statutory entitlements in response to recommendations received from the California Department of Social Services. The rule amendments would ensure consistency with the revised forms and with existing law. They would also make technical corrections to improve the rule's internal consistency and readability and to reduce the unnecessary repetition of statutory language.

The Proposal

Sections 391 and 607.2–607.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code require the juvenile court, before it terminates jurisdiction over a dependent youth or ward of the court who is more than 18 years old, to hold a hearing at which it must, as a condition to terminating jurisdiction, make certain factual findings and legal orders.¹ Those findings include whether the child welfare department or the probation department has provided the youth with the information, documents, and services required by sections 391(e) and 607.3(f) to help him or her prepare for the transition from foster care to independence. If the court determines that the department has complied with

¹ All subsequent statutory references are to the Welfare and Institutions Code unless otherwise specified. All rule references are to the California Rules of Court.

The proposals have not been approved by the Judicial Council and are not intended to represent the views of the council, its Rules and Projects Committee, or its Policy Coordination and Liaison Committee. These proposals are circulated for comment purposes only.

the statutory requirements, it may terminate jurisdiction. Otherwise, the court must determine whether jurisdiction should be continued until the department has done so.

Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor (form JV-365) is used by the child welfare or probation department to verify that it has provided the required information, documents, and services to a nonminor in anticipation of his or her transition to independent living when the juvenile court terminates its jurisdiction over the youth. After the department completes the form, the youth has an opportunity to review it, make corrections, and initial after each item to confirm his or her receipt of the specified information, document, or service. The youth then signs the completed form and returns it to the social worker or probation officer, who, under rule 5.555 of the California Rules of Court, must attach it to the report submitted to the court before the hearing on termination of jurisdiction.

On November 3, 2015, the Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee received a formal letter from Will Lightbourne, Director of the California Department of Social Services (CDSS), suggesting several revisions to form JV-365. Most of the information, documents, and services listed on the form are needed to help a former foster youth obtain benefits and access services after he or she leaves foster care. CDSS's suggestions, stemming from collaboration with the state Department of Health Care Services, are intended to promote the ability of a former foster youth to maintain his or her good health through access to health insurance, health care, and wholesome food. The committee endorses CDSS's suggestions and has incorporated them into this proposal.

The committee proposes revising item 7 on form JV-365 in four respects. First, item 7a is used to verify the department's provision of assistance with the former foster youth's application for Medi-Cal or other health insurance. Recent amendments to section 14005.28 of the code have rendered that specific assistance unnecessary.² The amended section instead entitles the youth to enrollment in Medi-Cal without an interruption in coverage. Although section 391 retains the language of the outdated requirement, the committee proposes revising item 7a to reflect the new requirements.³

Second, though item 7a on form JV-365 and rule 5.555 require the provision of information regarding availability of Medi-Cal coverage to former foster youth up to age 21, section 14005.28(a)(1) extends the availability of Medi-Cal coverage for these youth to age 26. CDSS

² Section 14005.28 was amended by Sen. Bill 508 (Hernandez; Stats. 2014, ch. 831, § 4).

³ Assembly Bill 1849, currently pending, would amend section 391 to bring it into conformity with section 14005.28. In addition, this bill would amend section 16501.1 to require verification of the placement agency's compliance with section 14005.28 in the youth's 90-day transition plan. The amendments and revisions in this proposal are intended to be consistent with the purpose of AB 1849.

Another pending bill, AB 2000, would add section 607.6 to expand the probation department's duties to provide information, documents, and services to wards before the court terminates jurisdiction. The committee will monitor these bills to ensure that the proposed rule amendments and form revisions are consistent with their provisions should they become law.

suggests revising item 7a to reflect the new age limit. The committee concurs, notwithstanding the language of section 391. It would be absurd for the department to document and the court to determine compliance with a requirement that no longer exists.

Third, CDSS suggests adding language to form JV-365 regarding specific assistance needed to maintain access to Medi-Cal benefits, including providing information regarding Medi-Cal eligibility and obtaining a Medi-Cal Benefits Identification Card (BIC). This information seems to fall within the scope of assisting the youth with continuous enrollment in Medi-Cal as required by section 14005.28. The committee proposes adding language to item 7a regarding this assistance.

Fourth, and finally, CDSS suggests using form JV-365 to document support for youth who would benefit from enrollment in the CalFresh program. This assistance seems to fall within the scope of assistance in obtaining employment or other financial support, as specified in section 391(e)(3). Indeed, item 7e currently includes an express reference to CalFresh as an example of financial support. All former foster youth are eligible for CalFresh; many, however, may not know or have the wherewithal to enroll. Adding this language to the form would emphasize the department's role in ensuring that each former foster youth leaving juvenile court supervision is aware of, and able to take advantage of, this benefit to have access to nutritious food.

When examining form JV-365 in response to CDSS's letter, the committee and staff identified additional elements of the form that required updating. The proposed revisions to this form, in turn, would require conforming amendments to rule 5.555, which addresses hearings to consider termination of juvenile court jurisdiction, as well as revisions to *Findings and Orders After Hearing to Consider Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction Over a Nonminor* (form JV-367). These amendments and revisions remove unnecessary statutory language, simplify the rule and forms, and ensure their consistent application of legal requirements.

The committee proposes the following specific amendments to the rules of court and revisions to the Judicial Council forms.

- Amend rule 5.555 to ensure consistency with current law, reduce the unnecessary restatement of statutory language, and promote internal consistency and readability.
- Revise *Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor* (form JV-365) to conform to updated eligibility requirements for Medi-Cal and other benefits, and ensure the accuracy of the information and the effectiveness of the assistance provided to nonminors facing termination of juvenile court jurisdiction.
- Revise *Findings and Orders After Hearing to Consider Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction Over a Nonminor* (form JV-367) to conform to current law and ensure consistency with the amendments to rule 5.555 and the revisions to form JV-365.

Alternatives Considered

The committee considered not revising the forms or amending the rule but elected to proceed with the proposal for the reasons stated above. The committee also considered proposing more extensive amendments intended to promote clarity and consistency, but determined that those amendments would be more appropriate in the context of a proposal with broader scope.

Implementation Requirements, Costs, and Operational Impacts

The committee does not anticipate that this proposal will result in costs to the courts other than printing costs in courts that continue to distribute printed copies of blank forms.

Request for Specific Comments

In addition to comments on the proposal as a whole, the advisory committee is interested in comments on the following:

- Are there specific changes that would improve the rules and forms in this proposal? (If so, please specify the individual rule or form, and the particular recommended changes.)
- Will requiring the social worker or probation officer to verify, in items 7a and 7e of form JV-365, that he or she has assisted the youth in “completing enrollment” in Medi-Cal and CalFresh place an undue burden on the worker or officer?

The advisory committee and task force also seek comments from *courts* on the following cost and implementation matters:

- Would the proposal provide cost savings? If so please quantify.
- What are the implementation requirements for courts—for example, training staff (please identify position and expected hours of training), revising processes and procedures (please describe), changing docket codes in case management systems, or modifying case management systems?
- Keeping in mind that rule 5.504(c) grants courts one year from their effective date to implement production of new and revised mandatory juvenile forms, would two months from Judicial Council approval of this proposal until its effective date provide sufficient time for implementation?
- Would this proposal affect small courts differently from large courts? If so, please explain.

Attachments and Links

1. Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.555, at pages 5–8
2. Forms JV-365 and JV-367, at pages 9–14

Rule 5.555 of the California Rules of Court would be amended, effective January 1, 2017, to read:

1 **Rule 5.555. Hearing to consider termination of juvenile court jurisdiction over a**
2 **nonminor—dependents or wards of the juvenile court in a foster care**
3 **placement and nonminor dependents (§§ 224.1(b), 303, 366.31, 391, 451–452,**
4 **607.2–607.3, 16501.1(f)(g)(16))**

5
6 (a) * * *

7
8 (b) **Setting a hearing**

- 9
10 (1) A court hearing must be placed on the appearance calendar and ~~held~~
11 completed before prior to terminating juvenile court jurisdiction is
12 terminated.
13
14 (2) The hearing under this rule may be held during any regularly scheduled
15 review hearing or a hearing required on a petition filed under section ~~366 (g),~~
16 366.3, 366.31, 727.2, or 727.3 or rule 5.903 388 or section 778.
17
18 (3) Notice of the hearing to the parents of a nonminor dependent as defined in
19 section 11400(v) is not required, unless the parents ~~are~~ is receiving court-
20 ordered family reunification services or the nonminor is living in the home of
21 the parent or former legal guardian.
22
23 (4) * * *

24
25 (5) The hearing must be continued for no more than five court days for the
26 submission of additional information as ordered by the court if the court
27 determines that the report, the Transitional Independent Living Plan, the
28 Transitional Independent Living Case Plan (~~TILCP~~) if required, or the 90-day
29 Transition Plan submitted by the social worker or probation officer does not
30 provide the information required by (c) and the court is unable to make the
31 findings and orders required by (d).
32

33 (c) **Reports**

- 34
35 (1) ~~In addition to complying with all other statutory and rule requirements~~
36 ~~applicable to the report prepared by the social worker or probation officer for~~
37 ~~any hearing during which termination of the court's jurisdiction will be~~
38 ~~considered, The report prepared by the social worker or probation officer for~~
39 a hearing under this rule must, in addition to any other elements required by
40 law, include:
41
42 (A)–(C) * * *
43
44 (D) Whether the nonminor has applied for title XVI Supplemental Security
45 Income benefits and, if so, the status of any in-progress that application
46 pending for title XVI Supplemental Security Income benefits and

1 whether remaining under juvenile court jurisdiction until a final
2 decision has been issued is in the nonminor's best interests;

3
4 (E) Whether the nonminor has applied for Special Immigrant Juvenile
5 status or other immigration relief and, if so, the status of ~~any in-~~
6 progress that application pending for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status
7 ~~or other applicable application for legal residency~~ and whether an
8 active juvenile court case is required for that application;

9
10 (F)–(H) * * *

11
12 (I) ~~For a nonminor who is not present for the hearing:~~ If the social worker
13 or probation officer has reason to believe that the nonminor will not
14 appear at the hearing, documentation of the basis for that belief,
15 including:

16
17 (i) Documentation of the nonminor's statement that he or she ~~did~~
18 does not wish to appear in court person or by telephone for the
19 ~~scheduled~~ hearing; or

20
21 (ii) Documentation of ~~the~~ reasonable efforts ~~made~~ to ~~locate~~ find the
22 nonminor when his or her ~~current~~ location is unknown;

23
24 (J)–(K) * * *

25
26 (2) The social worker or probation officer must file with the report a completed
27 *Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor* (form JV-365).

28
29 (3) The social worker or probation officer must also file with the report the
30 nonminor's:

31
32 (A) * * *

33
34 (B) Most recent Transitional Independent Living Plan (~~TILP~~); and

35
36 (C) * * *

37
38 (4) The social worker's or probation officer's report and all documents required
39 by ~~(e)~~(2)–(3) must be filed with the court at least 10 calendar days before the
40 hearing, and the social worker or probation officer must provide copies of the
41 report and other documents to the nonminor, the nonminor's parents, and all
42 attorneys of record. If the nonminor is under juvenile court jurisdiction as a
43 nonminor dependent, the social worker or probation officer is not required to
44 provide copies of the report and other documents to the nonminor
45 dependent's parents, unless the ~~nonminor dependent's parents are~~ is receiving
46 court-ordered family reunification services.

1
2 **(d) Findings and orders**
3

4 ~~In addition to complying with all other statutory and rule requirements applicable~~
5 ~~to the hearing, The court must, in addition to any other determinations required by~~
6 ~~law, make the following judicial findings and orders must be made and included~~
7 ~~them~~ in the written ~~court~~ documentation of the hearing:
8

9 (1) *Findings*

10 (A)–(D) * * *

11
12
13 (E) Whether the nonminor has an ~~in-progress~~ application pending for title
14 XVI Supplemental Security Income benefits and, ~~if such an application~~
15 ~~is pending so, whether it~~ continued juvenile court jurisdiction until a
16 final decision has been issued to ensure that the nonminor receives
17 continued assistance with the application process is in the nonminor’s
18 best interests ~~to continue juvenile court jurisdiction until a final~~
19 ~~decision has been issued to ensure that the nonminor receives continued~~
20 ~~assistance with the application process;~~

21
22 (F) Whether the nonminor has an ~~in-progress~~ application pending for
23 Special Immigrant Juvenile status or other ~~applicable application for~~
24 ~~legal residency~~ immigration relief and whether an active juvenile court
25 case is required for that application;
26

27 (G)–(L) * * *

28
29 (M) For a nonminor who ~~is not present~~ does not appear in person or by
30 telephone for the hearing, whether ~~the reason for his or her failure to~~
31 ~~appear was:~~

32
33 (i) The nonminor’s expressed a wish to not to appear in court for the
34 ~~scheduled~~ hearing; or

35
36 (ii) The nonminor’s ~~current~~ location remains unknown although and,
37 if so, whether reasonable efforts were made to locate the
38 nonminor.
39

40 (N) * * *

41
42 (2) *Orders*

43
44 (A)–(B) * * *
45

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(C) For a nonminor who does not meet and does not intend to meet the eligibility requirements for nonminor dependent status but who is otherwise eligible to and will remain under juvenile court jurisdiction in a foster care placement, the court must set an appropriate statutory review hearing ~~under section 366.21, 366.22, 366.25, 366.3, 727.2, or 727.3~~ within six months of the date of the nonminor's most recent status review hearing.

(D) * * *

(E) For a nonminor ~~(1)~~ who does not meet one or more of the eligibility criteria of section 11403(b) and is not otherwise eligible to remain under juvenile court jurisdiction, ~~(2) who does or, alternatively, who meets~~ one or more of the eligibility criteria of section 11403(b) but either does not wish to remain under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as a nonminor dependent, ~~or (3) who does meet one or more of the eligibility criteria of section 11403(b) but~~ or is not participating in a reasonable and appropriate Transitional Independent Living Case Plan, the court may order the termination of juvenile court jurisdiction only after entering the following findings ~~and orders~~:

(i)-(ii) * * *

(iii) The nonminor was informed that if juvenile court jurisdiction is terminated, he or she has the right to file a request to return to foster care and ~~to file a request to~~ have the juvenile court resume jurisdiction over him or her as a nonminor dependent until he or she has attained the age of 21 years;

(iv)-(vi) * * *

(F) * * *

NONMINOR'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:
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- 3. g. An advance health care directive form _____
- h. A letter prepared by the county welfare or probation department that includes the nonminor's name and date of birth, the dates during which he or she was within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, and a statement that the nonminor was a foster child in compliance with state and federal financial aid documentation requirements _____
- i. The nonminor's 90-day Transition Plan _____
- j. A blank copy of each of the following: *How to Ask to Return to Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Foster Care* (form JV-464-INFO), *Request to Return to Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Foster Care* (form JV-466), and *Confidential Information—Request to Return to Juvenile Court Jurisdiction and Foster Care* (form JV-468) _____
- 4. The nonminor continues to be eligible for services or accommodations under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, the Americans With Disabilities Act, or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and he or she has been provided with his or her most recent service or accommodation plan. _____
- 5. The nonminor has been receiving services as provided in the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act (see 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.320(b)-(c), 300.321(b)), and
 - a. the nonminor has received his or her transition service plan. _____
 - b. the nonminor has been informed of the rights that will transfer to him or her under this act. _____
- 6. The nonminor was informed that state agencies, when hiring for internships and student assistant positions, must give preference to qualified applicants up to 26 years of age who are, or have been, dependent children in foster care. _____
- 7. The nonminor received the following assistance or services:
 - a. Completing enrollment in Medi-Cal with no interruption in coverage, _____ including
 - i. Obtaining a Medi-Cal Benefits Identification Card (BIC) _____
 - ii. Obtaining information about eligibility for extended Medi-Cal benefits until age 26 _____
 - b. Applying to college, a vocational training program, or another educational or employment program _____
 - c. Obtaining financial aid for college, a vocational training program, or another educational or employment program _____
 - d. A referral to transitional housing, if available, or assistance in securing other housing _____
 - e. Obtaining employment or other financial support, including completing enrollment in CalFresh _____
 - f. Maintaining relationships with individuals important to him or her, consistent with his or her best interests (required only if the nonminor has been in an out-of-home placement for six months or longer) _____
 - g. Accessing the Independent Living Aftercare Program in the nonminor's county of residence _____
 - h. Other services ordered by the court (specify): _____

8. Number of pages attached:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing and all attachments are true and correct.

Date:

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

▶

(SIGNATURE OF SOCIAL WORKER OR PROBATION OFFICER)

I certify that I have received the information and services that I initialed above.

Date:

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

▶

(SIGNATURE OF NONMINOR)

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY STATE BAR NO.: NAME: FIRM NAME: STREET ADDRESS: CITY: STATE: ZIP CODE: TELEPHONE NO.: FAX NO.: E-MAIL ADDRESS: ATTORNEY FOR (name):	FOR COURT USE ONLY DRAFT Not approved by the Judicial Council	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF STREET ADDRESS: MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: BRANCH NAME:		
NONMINOR'S NAME: NONMINOR'S DATE OF BIRTH: HEARING DATE AND TIME: DEPT:		
FINDINGS AND ORDERS AFTER HEARING TO CONSIDER TERMINATION OF JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION OVER A NONMINOR	CASE NUMBER:	
Judicial Officer:	Court Clerk:	Court Reporter:
Bailiff:	Other Court Personnel:	Interpreter: Language:

- | | Present | Attorney (name) | Present |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Parties (name) | | | |
| a. Nonminor: | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b. Probation officer: | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c. County agency social worker: | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d. Other (specify): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Parent | | | |
| a. <input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother (name): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b. <input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother (name): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Legal guardian (name): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. Indian custodian (name): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Tribal representative (name): | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. Others present | | | |
| a. Other (name): | | | |
| b. Other (name): | | | |
| c. Other (name): | | | |
| 7. The court has read and considered and admits into evidence | | | |
| a. <input type="checkbox"/> The report of the social worker dated: | | | |
| b. <input type="checkbox"/> The report of the probation officer dated: | | | |
| c. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): | | | |
| d. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): | | | |
| e. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): | | | |

NONMINOR'S NAME:

CASE NUMBER:

BASED ON THE FOREGOING AND ON ALL OTHER EVIDENCE RECEIVED, THE COURT FINDS AND ORDERS**Findings**

8. Notice of the date, time, and location of the hearing was given as required by law.
9. The nonminor is not present in court or participating by telephone and
- a. The nonminor expressed a wish not to appear for hearing and did not appear.
- b. The nonminor's current location is unknown. Reasonable efforts were were not made to locate him or her.
10. The nonminor had the opportunity to confer with his or her attorney about the issues currently before the court.
11. Remaining under juvenile court jurisdiction is is not in the nonminor's best interests. The facts supporting this determination were stated on the record.
12. a. The nonminor does not now meet any of the eligibility criteria in Welfare and Institutions Code, § 11403(b), to remain in foster care as a nonminor dependent under juvenile court jurisdiction.
- b. The nonminor meets the following criteria in Welfare and Institutions Code, § 11403(b), to remain in foster care as a nonminor dependent under juvenile court jurisdiction.
- (1) The nonminor attends high school or a high school equivalency certificate (GED) program.
- (2) The nonminor attends a college, a community college, or a vocational education program.
- (3) The nonminor attends a program or takes part in activities that will promote employment or overcome barriers to employment.
- (4) The nonminor is employed at least 80 hours per month.
- (5) The nonminor is incapable of doing any of the activities in (1)–(4) due to a medical condition.
13. The nonminor has an application pending for title XVI Supplemental Security Income benefits, and the continuation of juvenile court jurisdiction until a final decision has been issued to ensure continued assistance with the application process is is not in the nonminor's best interests.
14. The nonminor has an application pending for Special Immigrant Juvenile status or other immigration relief for which an active juvenile court case is required.
15. The nonminor was informed of the options available to assist with the transition from foster care to independence.
16. The potential benefits of remaining in foster care under juvenile court jurisdiction were explained to the nonminor, and the nonminor has stated that he or she understands those benefits.
17. The nonminor was informed that, if juvenile court jurisdiction is continued, he or she may have the right to have that jurisdiction terminated and that the court will maintain general jurisdiction for the purpose of resuming jurisdiction over him or her as a nonminor dependent.
18. The nonminor was informed that if juvenile court jurisdiction is terminated, he or she has the right to file a petition to have the court resume dependency jurisdiction or transition jurisdiction over him or her as a nonminor dependent as long as he or she has not yet reached 21 years of age.
19. a. The nonminor was provided with the information, documents, and services required under Welfare and Institutions Code, § 391(e), and a completed Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor (form JV-365). A copy of that form was filed with this court.
- b. The nonminor cannot be located; despite the department's reasonable efforts were made to locate him or her; and, for that reason, the nonminor was not provided with the information, documents, services, and form specified in item 19a.
20. The nonminor is subject to delinquency jurisdiction and either was previously a dependent of the court under section 300 or was placed in foster care under section 727. The requirements of Welfare and Institutions Code, § 607.5, were were not met.

NONMINOR'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:
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21. The nonminor is an Indian child under the Indian Child Welfare Act, and he or she was was not provided with information regarding the right to continue to be considered an Indian child for the purposes of the ongoing application of the Indian Child Welfare Act as a nonminor dependent.
22. a. The Transitional Independent Living Case Plan includes a plan for a placement the nonminor believes is consistent with his or her need to gain independence, reflects agreements made to obtain independent living skills, and sets out benchmarks that indicate how the nonminor and social worker or probation officer will know when independence can be achieved.
- b. The Transitional Independent Living Plan identifies the nonminor's level of functioning, emancipation goals, and specific skills he or she needs to prepare to live independently upon leaving foster care.
- c. The 90-day Transition Plan is a concrete, individualized plan that specifically covers housing, health insurance, education, local opportunities for mentors and continuing support services, workforce supports and employment services, and information that explains how and why to designate a power of attorney for health care.

Orders

23. The nonminor meets at least one of the conditions listed in item 12(b)(1)–(5) and juvenile court
- a. **dependency jurisdiction** **transition jurisdiction over the nonminor as a nonminor dependent is ordered.**
- b. The nonminor's permanent plan is:
- (1) Independence after a period of placement in supervised settings specified in Welfare and Institutions Code, § 11402.
- (2) Other (*specify*):
- c. The nonminor is an Indian child and has has not elected to have the Indian Child Welfare Act apply.
- d. The matter is set for further hearing under Welfare and Institutions Code, § 366(f), and California Rules of Court, rule 5.903, on the date set in item 29, which is within six months of the nonminor's most recent status review hearing.
24. The nonminor does not meet and does not intend to meet the eligibility criteria for status as a nonminor dependent but is otherwise eligible to and will remain under the juvenile court's jurisdiction in a foster care placement, and the matter is set for a status review hearing on the date indicated in item 29, which is within six months of the date of the nonminor's most recent status review hearing.
25. Reasonable efforts were made to locate the nonminor under the court's jurisdiction as a dependent, ward, or nonminor dependent, and his or her location remains unknown. **Juvenile court jurisdiction over the nonminor is terminated.** The nonminor remains under the general jurisdiction of the juvenile court for the purpose of its considering a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code, § 388(e), to resume dependency jurisdiction or to assume or resume transition jurisdiction over him or her as a nonminor dependent.
26. The nonminor
- a. does not meet the eligibility criteria for status as a nonminor dependent and is not otherwise eligible to remain under juvenile court jurisdiction;
- b. meets the eligibility criteria for status as a nonminor dependent but does not wish to remain under juvenile court jurisdiction as a nonminor dependent; or
- c. meets the eligibility criteria for status as a nonminor dependent but is not participating in a reasonable and appropriate Transitional Independent Living Case Plan; and

the findings required in items 10, 16, 19a, and 22c of this form were made, and the nonminor was given an endorsed, filed copy of the Termination of Juvenile Court Jurisdiction—Nonminor (form JV-365). Juvenile court jurisdiction over the nonminor is terminated. The nonminor remains under the general jurisdiction of the juvenile court for the purpose of its considering a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code, § 388(e), to resume dependency jurisdiction or to assume or resume transition jurisdiction over him or her as a nonminor dependent.

NONMINOR'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER:
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27. The nonminor is 21 years of age or older and no longer subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under section 303. The findings required by items 19 and 22c were made. **Juvenile court jurisdiction over the nonminor is dismissed.** The attorney for the nonminor is relieved 60 days from today's date.

28. **Other findings and orders**

- a. See attachment 28a.
- b. Other (*specify*):

29. **The next hearing is scheduled as follows:**

Hearing date:	Time:	Dept.:	Room:
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- a. Nonminor dependent review hearing (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 366(f); Cal. Rules of Court, rule 5.903)
- b. Other (*specify*):

30. Number of pages attached: _____

Date:

JUDICIAL OFFICER