## Bench Guide for Recognizing Dangerousness in Domestic Violence Cases

By Jacquelyn C. Campbell, PhD, RN, FAAN and Hon. Sharon A. Chatman, Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara

This tool is a research-based bench guide for use by judicial officers at all stages of judicial proceedings involving allegations of domestic violence and orders of protection in civil and criminal domestic violence cases.

Research has proven that there are several factors associated with an increased risk of homicides (murders) of women in intimate partner domestic violence relationships. This bench guide is not intended to predict what will happen in any given case; it is an informational tool for your consideration as you review a case and become aware of the extent to which the evidence reveals how many lethality factors (danger of homicide) are present. This bench guide is not a substitute for judicial experience, knowledge, and skills.<sup>1</sup>

## Pending/Prior: □ Emergency Protective Order □ Criminal Protective Order □ Civil Protective Order □ Criminal History Check □ Registered Firearms Check Lethality Factors

Does the alleged <b>perpetrator own a gun</b> ?	Yes	No	Does the alleged <b>perpetrator use any of these</b>	Yes	No
			illegal drugs: "uppers" or amphetamines,		
			Meth, speed, angel dust, cocaine, "crack,"		
			street drugs, or mixers?		
Has the physical violence increased in	Yes	No	Is the alleged perpetrator an <b>alcoholic</b> or	Yes	No
<b>severity</b> or <b>frequency</b> over the past year?			problem drinker?		
Has the alleged <b>victim left</b> the alleged	Yes	No	Does the alleged <b>perpetrator</b> try to <b>control</b>	Yes	No
perpetrator after they lived together during			most or all of the alleged victim's daily		
the past year?			activities? (i.e., tells victim when to see friends		
			or family members or how much money to		
			spend)		
Is the alleged <b>perpetrator unemployed</b> ?	Yes	No	Is the alleged <b>perpetrator violently</b> and	Yes	No
			<b>constantly jealous</b> of the alleged victim? (i.e.,		
			"If I can't have you, no one can.")		
Has the alleged <b>perpetrator</b> ever <b>used</b> or	Yes	No	Has the alleged <b>victim</b> been <b>beaten</b> by the	Yes	No
threatened the victim with a lethal weapon?			alleged perpetrator while pregnant?		
Has the alleged perpetrator ever <b>threatened</b>	Yes	No	Has the alleged <b>perpetrator</b> ever <b>threatened</b>	Yes	No
to kill the victim?			or <b>tried</b> to <b>commit suicide</b> ?		
Has the alleged perpetrator avoided being	Yes	No	Has the alleged <b>perpetrator ever threatened</b>	Yes	No
arrested for domestic violence?			to harm the alleged victim's children?		
Does the alleged victim have a <b>child</b> that <b>is</b>	Yes	No	Does the alleged victim believe that the alleged	Yes	No
not the alleged perpetrator's child?			perpetrator is capable of killing her/him?		
Has the alleged perpetrator <b>forced</b> the	Yes	No	Does the alleged <b>perpetrator follow or spy</b> on	Yes	No
alleged <b>victim</b> to have <b>sex</b> when the victim			the alleged victim, leave threatening notes or		
did not want to?			messages, destroy personal property or make		
			unwanted calls?		
Has the alleged perpetrator ever <b>tried</b> to	Yes	No	Has the alleged <b>victim</b> ever <b>threatened or</b>	Yes	No
<b>choke/strangle</b> the alleged <b>victim</b> ?			tried to commit suicide?		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please note that this checklist of lethality factors is not exhaustive. The listed factors are the <u>ones most commonly present</u> when the risk of serious harm or death exists. The presence of these factors can indicate elevated risk of serious injury or lethality. The absence of these factors is not, however, evidence of the absence of risk of lethality or evidence that any particular judicial action (for example, granting an Order of Protection) should not be taken.