SUPREME COURT FILED

SEP 1 1 2012

IN THE Fran SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Frank A. McGuire Clerk

Deputy

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Plaintiff & Respondent,

VS.

STEVEN EDWARD GRAY

Defendant & Appellant.

After Decision by Court of Appeal, Second District, Div. Three Appeal Transferred from Appellate Division of Los Angeles Superior Court Appeal No. B236337; App. Div. No. BR048502; Trial Court No. C165383
Hon. Lawrence H. Cho, Judge

APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

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MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

Pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 8.520 and Rule 8.252(a), appellant Steven Gray respectfully requests that this Court take judicial notice of the attached documents pursuant to Evidence Code §§ 459 and 452, et seq. The attached documents include (1) the trial transcript from another Culver City red light camera case (People v. Barr, et al, infra), where the trial court adopted the same position that is advocated by appellant Gray in this case and (2) an appellate division decision (People v. Fields, infra) that is inconsistent with the decision reached by the same appellate division (that of Los Angeles Superior Court) in Gray's case.

These documents are not being presented for any precedential value.

They are merely presented to show that the statute is ambiguous in light of the conflicting interpretations adopted by the lower courts over the identical issue raised in this case.

LEGAL DISCUSSION

"The reviewing court may take judicial notice of any matter specified in Section 452." Evidence Code § 459, subdivision (a). For example, under section 452(d)(1), records of "any court of this state" are subject to judicial notice.

Applying the latter statute, courts have granted motions for judicial notice in various contexts. See, e.g., *Fink v. Shemtov* (2010) 180 Cal.App.4th 1160, 1173 (taking judicial notice of unpublished court of

appeal opinions pertinent to vexatious litigant order); *Taus v. Loftus* (2007) 40 Cal.4th 683, 726 (granting judicial notice of records from other state court proceedings involving plaintiff submitted to discredit plaintiff's present intrusion-into-private-matters lawsuit).

* * * *

Rule 8.1115(b) provides as follows: "An unpublished opinion may be cited or relied on:

- (1) When the opinion is relevant under the doctrines of law of the case, res judicata, or collateral estoppel; or
- (2) When the opinion is relevant to a criminal or disciplinary action because it states reasons for a decision affecting the same defendant or respondent in another such action."

The first document presented with this motion fits the second category contemplated by this rule. The trial court's ruling reflected in the transcript presented as Exhibit "A" "affect[s] the same ... respondent in another" red light camera action because Culver City lost the same argument that it raised in Gray's case in another red light camera case. See <a href="Exhibit" A". Gray contends that this illustrates the ambiguity of the red light camera statute.

Similarly, the unpublished decision by the same appellate division in

another red light camera case, People v. Tammany Kay Fields (filed May

24, 2011) is being presented to show that the Los Angeles Superior Court's

appellate division has contradicted itself with respect to the issues

presented here (as to whether the 30-day warning notice and public

announcement requirements imposed by the red light camera statute are

program-general or intersection-specific). Gray contends that this further

illustrates the ambiguity of the statute. For this reason, this court can take

judicial notice of Exhibit "B". See Mangini v. J.G. Durand Int'l (1994) 31

Cal. App. 4th 214, 219 (citing depublished opinions "simply to illustrate"

that the issue presented remained unresolved).

CONCLUSION

The motion should be granted based on the reasons articulated

above.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: September 7, 2012

SHERMAN M. ELLISON

Attorney for Defendant and Appellant

STEVEN E. GRAY

DECLARATION

- I, Sherman M. Ellison, declare:
- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before the courts of the State of California. I represent appellant in this appeal. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein. If called to testify as a witness, I would competently testify thereto.
- 2. A true and correct copy of the trial transcript in another red light camera matter (Barr, *infra*) from the Los Angeles Superior Court, also the Santa Monica Judicial District, involving respondent Culver City is attached as Exhibit "A". In the Barr, et al, matters, the Santa Monica trial court rejected the same argument raised by Culver City with respect to the issue presented in this case. This transcript of a peer level judicial officer in Barr was not the subject of, nor previously ruled upon as a request to take judicial notice in Gray.
- 3. A true and correct copy of the Los Angeles Superior Court Appellate Division's decision in another red light camera case is presented as Exhibit "B", People v. Fields, *supra*. In the Fields case, the court reversed a red light camera conviction. Gray contends that the decision in the Fields case is inconsistent with the same appellate division's ruling in the Gray case, thus further demonstrating the ambiguity of the statute in question.

- 4. As to the Barr transcript (Exhibit "A"), the attorneys for respondent-Culver City herein were in fact the very same attorneys of record as in the instant Gray matter. The issue in the Gray and Barr matters, *inter alia*, was the identical issue ruled upon and is subject of the transcript in Exhibit "A", the April 30, 2009 transcript of the ruling before the Honorable Craig D. Karlan, Judge, Los Angeles Superior Court, Santa Monica Judicial District.
- 5. As for the Fields decision, I had presented the argument relating to the ruling in People v. Fields, <u>Exhibit "B"</u> hereto, at the oral argument in the Gray matter before the appellate division. I also attached the Fields opinion to my petition/application to transfer/certify the Gray matter to the court of appeal.
- 6. It should also be noted that counsel for respondent herein was present at the oral argument, heard the discussion regarding Fields in the appellate division and participated in the oral argument.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on September 7, 2012 at Sherman Oaks, California.

Sherman M. Ellison, Esq.

,			

EXHIBIT "A"

EXHIBIT "A"

1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA							
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES							
3	DEPARTMENT WE N	HON. CRAIG D. KARLAN, JUDGE						
4								
5	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF)							
6	CALIFORNIA,)							
7	PLAINTIFF,)	2106604 2141770						
8)	NO. C126694, C141778 C150324, C129781						
9	ERIC M. BARR, DAVID H.) KARON, JOSEPH H. GLIDE)							
10	DEFENDANT.							
11)							
12								
13		NCCDIDE OF DROCEEDINGS						
14	REPORTER'S PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 2009							
15	THURSDAY, AP	KIL 30, 2009						
16	APPEARANCES:							
17		DAPEER, ROSENBLIT & LITVAK, LLP BY: CAROLINE KARABIAN CASTILLO, ATTORNEY AT LAW						
18								
19		500 W. OLYMPIC BLVD. ITE 550						
20		S ANGELES, CA 90064						
21	FOR DEFENDANTS: LA	LAW OFFICES OF SHERMAN M.						
22	EL	LISON : SHERMAN M. ELLISON, ESQ.						
23	15	303 VENTURA BOULEVARD NTH FLOOR						
24		ERMAN OAKS, CA 91403						
25		ORIGINAL						
26								
27		NYA D. MCCOWAN, CSR NO. 10147 FICIAL REPORTER						
28								
	i							

1 SANTA MONICA, CA; THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 2009; 10:50 A.M. 2 DEPARTMENT WE N HON. CRAIG D. KARLAN, JUDGE 3 APPEARANCES: 4 (APPEARANCES AS HERETOFORE NOTED.) 5 (TANYA D. MC COWAN, OFFICIAL REPORTER.) 6 7 MR. ELLISON: YOUR HONOR, THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IN REGARD TO THE KARON AND GLIDE MATTERS, THE 8 PEOPLE AND I ARE GOING TO STIPULATE THAT THE COURT CAN 9 10 RECEIVE THESE TWO DOCUMENTS. ONE IS THE CONTRACT WITH CULVER CITY AND REDFLEX, THE 2007 CONTRACT, WHICH WE 11 12 ERRONEOUSLY STIPULATED TO THE COURT WAS PART OF THAT PACKET 13 OF MATERIALS IN THE SEPTEMBER 18TH PACKET. THE 2002 14 CONTRACT IS THERE. I HAVE GIVEN THE PEOPLE, OF COURSE, EVEN 15 THOUGH THEY HAVE IT, COPIES OF THAT CONTRACT. AND I WANT TO 16 GIVE THE COURT, SO THE RECORD IS CLEAR, THAT THAT IS WHAT WE INTENDED TO BE PART OF THIS COURT RECORD. 17 THE CLERK: ARE THESE EXHIBITS? 18 THE COURT: YES. THEY ARE PART OF THE EXHIBITS. HOW 19 20 ARE THEY MARKED, COUNSEL? MR. ELLISON: IF THE COURT WOULD LIKE, THEY CAN BE 21 2.2 MARKED AS PEOPLE'S EXHIBITS 6 OR THEY CAN BE COURT'S 23 EXHIBIT. MS. CASTILLO: DEFENDANT HAD A IF YOU WANT TO MAKE IT 2.4 25 DEFENDANTS B AND C. 26 MR. ELLISON: B AND C FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES, THEN, YOUR HONOR, AT THIS POINT. 2.7

THE COURT: B AND C FOR THE DEFENDANT.

1 MS. CASTILLO: C IS THE CONTRACT. 2 (DEFENSE EXHIBIT B AND C WERE MARKED FOR 3 IDENTIFICATION.) 4 THE COURT: BOTH SIDES ARE RESTED; AM I CORRECT? 5 MR. ELLISON: WE HAVE RESTED FROM THE PRESENTATION OF 6 ANY ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE. 7 THE COURT: SO LET ME TURN IT OVER TO THE PARTIES. BUT 8 I WANT TO PREFACE WITH MY OBSERVATIONS OVER THE LAST WEEK OR 9 TWO. 10 I HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW AGAIN THE TRIAL BRIEF MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF THE MOTION IN LIMINE, 11 12 YOUR REPLY, MR. ELLISON. EACH OF THOSE ARE FROM YOUR SIDE 13 AS WELL AS THE CITY OF CULVER CITY'S RESPONSE TO TRIAL BRIEF 14 AND OBJECTIONS. 15 MY TENTATIVE IS TO OVERRULE THE HEARSAY AND 16 FOUNDATION OBJECTIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE EVIDENCE, THE 17 ISSUE THAT I AM FOCUSING ON, BECAUSE I DO BELIEVE THE 18 OFFICER HAS OVERCOME THOSE OBJECTIONS. 19 THE ISSUE THAT I AM FOCUSING ON IS FOR PURPOSES OF 20 THIS CASE THE GUIDELINES WEREN'T PUT BEFORE THE COURT. I'M 21 NOT -- IT'S NOT CLEAR TO ME WHETHER GUIDELINES EXIST OR NOT. 22 I'M NOT EVEN GOING TO SPECULATE ALTHOUGH I WOULD CERTAINLY 23 ASSUME THEY EXIST IN THE ABSOLUTE SENSE. 24 BUT FOR PURPOSES OF MY DECISION THEY ARE NOT BEFORE 25 ME. SO THE QUESTION I HAVE IS IS THAT FATAL OR IS IT A 26 RIGHT WITHOUT A REMEDY SUCH AS IN A CRIMINAL CASE WHERE ONE

GETS ARRESTED, HAS A RIGHT GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES

SUPREME COURT TO A PROBABLE CAUSE DETERMINATION WITHIN

27

48 HOURS. BUT WHEN THAT DOES NOT HAPPEN, THE CASES DON'T
GET THROWN OUT. THERE MIGHT BE CIVIL LIABILITY. THERE
MIGHT BE GROUNDS FOR AN INJUNCTION. THERE MIGHT BE OTHER
GROUNDS. THAT'S ONE OF THE WAYS I HAVE BEEN THINKING
THROUGH THIS CASE BECAUSE MY INITIAL REACTION WAS IF THEY
DON'T PUT GUIDELINES IN FRONT OF ME AND THE STATUTE REQUIRES
GUIDELINES, THEN THE COURT SHOULD RULE FOR YOUR CLIENT. IT
SEEMS APPROPRIATE.

2.1

2.5

BUT THE STATUTE DOESN'T SAY IF THESE GUIDELINES -IT SAYS THAT THE CITY SHALL DO THE FOLLOWING THINGS. IT
DOES NOT SAY "DO." OTHERWISE, ANY TICKETS ISSUED THAT ARE
NOT IN CONFORMITY HEREWITH SHALL BE DEEMED NULL AND VOID OR
NO CONVICTION SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHOUT THESE STEPS.

NOW, I RECOGNIZE THAT AS TO THE ACCURACY,
AUTHENTICITY, ALL OF THE UNDERLYING FOUNDATIONAL ISSUES
REQUIRED FOR THE COURT TO REACH THE CONCLUSION THAT THE
TICKETS ARE JUSTIFIED AND THAT THE PROPER METHODOLOGY WAS
FOLLOWED. IF ANY OF THOSE WERE NOT HANDLED PROPERLY, THEN I
WOULD AGREE WITH YOU BECAUSE CLEARLY IF THERE ISN'T
SUFFICIENT PROOF THAT YOUR CLIENTS ACTUALLY RAN THE RED
LIGHT OR THERE WAS PROOF THAT THE MACHINERY WASN'T WORKING
PROPERLY, THEN I WOULD HAVE TO RULE FOR YOU.

IT'S NOT A CLOSE CALL. HERE IT'S NOT A QUESTION OF THE ACCURACY OF EQUIPMENT OR WHETHER YOUR CLIENTS RAN THE RED LIGHTS. IT'S A QUESTION OF THERE ISN'T EVIDENCE BEFORE ME THAT THEY COMPLIED WITH ESTABLISHING GUIDELINES. AND WHILE AT FIRST BLUSH, AS I INDICATED, I AGREED WITH YOU, MR. ELLISON, THAT THE TICKETS SHOULD BE DISMISSED, THE MORE

1 I THINK ABOUT IT I QUESTION WHETHER THAT'S THE APPROPRIATE 2 REMEDY OR WHETHER THAT'S COMPELLED. 3 THE SECOND ISSUE, WHICH MAY OR MAY NOT BE AN ISSUE, 4 IS THE CONTRACT. HAVE YOU GONE THROUGH THAT AND IS THERE 5 ANY ISSUE WITH RESPECT TO THE LEGALITY OF THE CONTRACT? 6 MR. ELLISON: YES, THERE IS, YOUR HONOR. 7 THE COURT: WELL, I'LL TURN IT OVER SINCE I JUST RECEIVED THE CONTRACT AND I HAVE NOT HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO 8 9 REVIEW IT. BUT THOSE -- THAT FIRST ISSUE IS ONE I HAVE BEEN 10 GIVING A GREAT DEAL OF THOUGHT TO. 11 THE SECOND ISSUE I'LL LET YOU DISCUSS WHILE I TAKE 12 A LOOK. WHY DON'T I TURN TO THE PEOPLE SINCE YOU HAVE THE 13 BURDEN OF PROOF AND WE WILL TURN IT OVER TO YOU. 14 MR. ELLISON. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE ISSUE THAT HE 15 BELIEVES THERE IS WITH THE CONTRACT? IF NOT, I'LL LET HIM 16 START. 17 MS. CASTILLO: I AM FAMILIAR WITH THE ISSUE, YOUR HONOR. IT'S PART OF HIS BRIEFING. 18 19 THE COURT: LET'S GO THROUGH THE CONTRACT. I KNOW THE 20 LAW WAS CHANGED AS TO ALL NEW CONTRACTS THAT WERE EXECUTED AS OF A DATE CERTAIN, BUT PRIOR CONTRACTS WERE ALLOWED TO 21 22 REMAIN. 23 MS. CASTILLO: TO NARROW DOWN THE ISSUE -- AND 24 MR. ELLISON WILL JUMP IN IF I'M MISQUOTING HIS DEFENSE -- IS 25 IN THIS EXHIBIT B THAT HE PRESENTED TO THE COURT. 26 THE COURT: I HAVE IT.

27 MS. CASTILLO: HIS ISSUE IS NOT WHETHER OR NOT THE
28 CONTRACT WAS AMENDED AND PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE OR

AMENDMENT IN 2004. WE ARE PAST BEYOND THAT. WHAT MR. -THE DEFENSE'S POSITION IS THAT THIS CONTRACT DOES NOT MEET
THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION IS 21455.5(G).

THE COURT: HOLD ON.

2.

MS. CASTILLO: 21455.5.

THE COURT: SUBSECTION?

MS. CASTILLO: SUBDIVISION G.

THE COURT: ARE YOU BOTH IN AGREEMENT WITH ME THAT THE LEGISLATION STATES THAT YOU CAN'T HAVE A PERCENTAGE OF THE REVENUE GENERATED AS ANY PART OF THE CONTRACT? THE THEORY WOULD SEEM TO BE TO ME THAT THAT REDUCES THE RELIABILITY OF THE EQUIPMENT IF THE PEOPLE WHO HAVE INSTALLED IT HAVE A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN HOW MANY TICKETS WERE ISSUED.

SO THE LEGISLATURE IN THEIR WISDOM SAID THESE ARE GOING TO BE FIXED FEE CONTRACTS. YOU GET X AMOUNT REGARDLESS OF HOW MANY CITATIONS ARE ISSUES REGARDLESS OF WHAT REVENUE IS GENERATED. THAT WAY WE ARE LIKELY TO GET HONEST AND ACCURATE RESULTS THAN IF YOU HAD A CUT OF THE REVENUE BECAUSE THEN YOU MIGHT BE MORE INCLINED TO FIND MORE FAULTS THAN ACTUALLY EXISTED, MORE VIOLATIONS THAN ACTUALLY EXISTED.

SO STARTING WITH THAT PREMISE, WHAT'S THE FLAW HERE? EXHIBIT B TALKS ABOUT A FIXED AMOUNT PER INTERSECTION.

MS. CASTILLO: YES. AND COUNSEL'S ARGUMENT IS THAT THERE'S A PARAGRAPH IN THERE THAT SAYS THAT GOES BEYOND THAT.

MR. ELLISON: YOUR HONOR, IT'S THE THIRD PARAGRAPH IN B.

AND PART OF EXHIBIT B, OF COURSE, I THINK, IS THE DISPUTE --1 2 RESOLUTION ISSUE IN PARAGRAPH TEN WHICH TALKS ABOUT -- IT'S 3 THE SECOND PAGE OF WHAT YOU HAVE THERE IN EXHIBIT B, YOUR 4 HONOR. 5 THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND IT. IN ESSENCE, WHAT IT SAYS 6 IS WE ARE PAYING YOU X DOLLARS PER CAMERA. BUT IF WE DON'T 7 BRING IN AT LEAST X DOLLARS PER CAMERA, THEN WE WILL WORK 8 OUT A LESSER FIGURE, IT LOOKS LIKE. 9 MR. ELLISON: RIGHT. 10 MS. CASTILLO: BUT THAT'S THE DISAGREEMENT, YOUR HONOR. 11 THAT'S THE ARGUMENT. 12 THE COURT: WHY IS IT THERE? WHY IS THAT PARAGRAPH 13 THERE? THE REALITY IS THE LEGISLATURE SAID THESE ARE FIXED 14 FEE CONTRACTS. 15 MS. CASTILLO: BUT IT IS A FIXED FEE CONTRACT. ON THE 16 FACE OF THE CONTRACT THE CONTRACT IS A FIXED FEE CONTRACT. 17 THE STATUTE DOES NOT -- THE CONTRACT DOES NOT VIOLATE THAT 18 SECTION G BECAUSE IT MAY VIOLATE THE SPIRIT OF THE STATUTE. 19 IT DOES NOT VIOLATE THE STATUTE ITSELF. 20 THE COURT: WELL, HERE IS THE PROBLEM, THOUGH, IS IT'S 21 THE LAST PORTION OF THE SENTENCE. TO ENSURE THAT 22 OPERATIONAL COSTS DO NOT EXCEED PROGRAM REVENUE. THAT'S THE 23 PROBLEM IS THERE'S NO -- IF YOU WANT TO INSTALL THESE 24 CAMERAS, THE LEGISLATURE DOESN'T WANT THERE TO BE AN 25 INCENTIVE AT ALL FROM ANYBODY FOR ANYTHING OTHER THAN

I MEAN THE UNFORTUNATE REALITY OF OUR COUNTY IS WE

HAVE HAD SINCE I HAVE BEEN ON THE BENCH NOW -- I'M IN MY

ACCURATE PHOTOS AND ACCURATE CITATIONS.

EIGHTH YEAR. I CAN REMEMBER AT LEAST ONE, IF NOT TWO, HUGE REFUNDS OF HALF A MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE FOR PROBLEMS WITH THE SYSTEM NOT FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. THAT'S WHAT THE LEGISLATURE IS TRYING TO AVOID.

. 10

MS. CASTILLO: THIS PROVISION JUST SAYS WE WOULD MEET.

IT DOES NOT MEAN THEY WOULD CHANGE IT. IT'S A CONTRACT

BETWEEN THE CITY AND A VENDOR, AND THE VENDOR MAY CHOOSE NOT

TO CHANGE IT OR AT THE MEETING MAY CHOOSE TO INCREASE IT

BECAUSE THE EXPENSE TO THE VENDOR IS HIGH. IT'S NOT A -- IT

DOES NOT INDICATE WHETHER OR NOT THAT FIXED FEE IS GOING TO

GO UP OR NOT. IT JUST SAID WILL MEET. WHETHER OR NOT

SOMEBODY HAS A PROVISION IN THEIR CONTRACT, IT'S A CONTRACT

INTERPRETATION AS TO WHAT THAT COULD MEAN TO THE WRITERS OF

THAT CONTRACT.

THE COURT: IT DOES NOT SAY THAT, THOUGH, COUNSEL. IT
SAYS TO ASSURE THAT OPERATIONAL COSTS DO NOT EXCEED PROGRAM
REVENUE GENERATED BY CUSTOMER. IT DOES NOT SAY TO MEET TO
REEVALUATE WHETHER OR NOT WE SHOULD REDUCE THE COST PER
CAMERA. IT JUST SAYS WILL MEET TO ASSURE THAT THIS WILL NOT
HAPPEN. AND THAT'S THE PROBLEM IS THAT GOES NOW BACK TO THE
RELIABILITY BECAUSE THEY ARE GUARANTEEING, IN ESSENCE, A
MINIMUM NUMBER OF TICKETS.

MS. CASTILLO: IT DOES NOT GIVE -- THE REASON WHY THE STATUTE CHANGED FROM PERCENTAGE TO A FIXED FEE IS NOT TO GIVE THE POWER TO THE VENDOR. THIS GIVES THE POWER TO THE CITY. IF IT'S GOING TO BE -- IF THE RATE IS GOING TO CHANGE, IT'S GOING TO GO DOWN. IT'S NOT GIVING ANY BIAS TO THE VENDOR. IT'S GIVING POWER TO THE CITY.

1 THE COURT: DOESN'T IT GIVE THE VENDOR -- IF THE 2 VENDOR -- IF THIS PARAGRAPH ISN'T THERE, THE VENDOR CHARGES WHAT THE VENDOR CHARGES. AND IF THERE WAS A CONTRACT, THIS 3 CONTRACT IS FOR -- HOW MANY YEARS IS THIS CONTRACT FOR? 5 MR. ELLISON: MY MEMORY, YOUR HONOR, IS IT'S FIVE YEARS 6 AND ONE YEAR OPPOSITE. BUT IT'S SOMETHING FOR A NUMBER OF 7 YEARS. 8 THE COURT: IT'S A MULTI-YEAR CONTRACT. DO YOU AGREE 9 WITH THAT? 10 MS. CASTILLO: I AGREE WITH THAT. THIS WAS A 2007 11 CONTRACT. WE ARE ALREADY 2009. I'M SURE IT PROBABLY IS 12 GOING TO EXPIRE. 13 THE COURT: IT'S A SEVEN-YEAR CONTRACT WITH THREE 14 ADDITION AT ONE-YEAR RENEWALS. SO IT'S A POTENTIAL TEN-YEAR 15 CONTRACT, BUT IT'S A FIXED SEVEN-YEAR TO BEGINNING WITH. 16 THAT'S THE PROBLEM. 17 MS. CASTILLO: MAY I ALSO ARGUE WHAT I WAS GOING TO 18 INITIALLY START WITH IF I MAY? CAN I TAKE THE COURT BACK TO 19 NOT AN ARGUMENT WHICH IS ACTUALLY THE ARGUMENT THAT THE 20 COURT MADE IN REFERENCE TO THE GUIDELINES? IN MY BRIEF --21 I'M NOT SURE IF I CAN DIRECT THE COURT TO MY BRIEF -- IS 22 THAT I ARGUED THAT BOTH THE GUIDELINES IN SECTION G ARE NOT 23 NECESSARILY REQUIREMENTS OF THE --24 THE COURT: LET'S WALK THROUGH THAT AGAIN. I HAVE THE CODE IN FRONT OF ME. SO WALK ME THROUGH AGAIN. I READ 2.5 26 THROUGH YOUR ARGUMENT. 27 MS. CASTILLO: IN REFERENCE TO --

THE COURT: SO WALK THROUGH. THE GUIDELINES ARE IN

1 2155.5. 2 MS. CASTILLO: SECTION SMALL (C)(2)(A)(2). 3 THE COURT: TWO CAPITAL A? 4 MS. CASTILLO: YES. AND THIS CONTRACT PROVISION IS IN 5 SMALL G TOWARDS THE END. SO MY ARGUMENT AS TO (C)(2)(A) . 6 WOULD APPLY TO G AS WELL BECAUSE IT'S NOT A REQUIREMENT OF 7 THE TRAFFIC VIOLATION OF, FIRST OF ALL, 21453(A) RUNNING A RED LIGHT. SECOND, THE STATUTE ITSELF DOES NOT MAKE IT A 8 9 REQUIREMENT THAT YOU HAVE TO MEET SECTION G. OTHERWISE, YOU 10 CAN'T CITE A VIOLATOR FOR RUNNING A RED LIGHT UNDER PHOTO 11 ENFORCEMENT. IT APPLIES TO AND THE COURT IS CORRECT TO SAY 12 THAT THE APPROPRIATE REMEDY IS NOT HERE. 13 THE COURT: I DON'T FOLLOW YOUR ARGUMENT ON (2)(A). SO 14 WALK ME THROUGH THAT AGAIN. YOU ARE SAYING IT'S NOT 15 MANDATORY? 16 MS. CASTILLO: IT'S NOT MANDATORY. THE ONLY MANDATORY 17 LANGUAGE IN 21455.5, YOUR HONOR, IS IN A AND B. 18 MR. ELLISON: SHE'S SAYING A AND B ARE REGULATORY AND C, 19 D, E, F, ET CETERA ARE ALL JUST ADVISORY BY THE LEGISLATURE. 20 MS. CASTILLO: I'M NOT SAYING -- YOU ARE PUTTING WORDS 21 IN MY MOUTH. 22 THE COURT: BUT I'M NOT FOLLOWING WHAT YOU ARE SAYING. 23 SO HELP ME AGAIN. WHAT ARE YOU SAYING? 24 MS. CASTILLO: I'M SAYING SECTION G IS NOT A REQUIREMENT 25 OR A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO THE VIOLATION TO SIGHTING OF THE 26 VIOLATION. 27 THE COURT: SO WHAT HAPPENS -- LET ME ASK THE QUESTION 28

THIS WAY.

MS. CASTILLO: THE SAME ISSUE AS IT'S NOT FATAL. 1 THE COURT: IF CULVER CITY HAD A CONTRACT THAT WAS --2 THAT GAVE A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE TO THE RED LIGHT CAMERA 3 COMPANY, YOU ARE SAYING THAT WOULDN'T BE FATAL? 4 5 MS. CASTILLO: UNDER THIS STATUTE, NO. 6 THE COURT: UNDER WHAT STATUTE? 7 MS. CASTILLO: UNDER THE STATUTORY -- THE WAY THE 8 STATUTE IS WRITTEN. 9 THE COURT: SO WHAT'S THE REMEDY HERE? IT SAYS YOU CAN'T DO IT. IT SAYS YOU SHALL NOT DO THIS. IT ACTUALLY 10 11 SAYS MAY NOT. SO IF YOU INCLUDE THAT, THEN WHAT HAPPENS? 12 IT'S NOT DISCRETIONARY. IT'S NOT RECOMMENDING. IT'S 13 TELLING YOU AS A CITY, YOU CANNOT ENTER INTO A CONTRACT. 14 MS. CASTILLO: THE CONTRACT IS NOT FOR A FIXED FEE. SO 15 IF YOU TAKE MY -- THE CONTRACT IS FOR A FIXED FEE. 16 THE COURT: AND YOU ARE NOT ANSWERING MY HYPOTHETICAL. 17 MY HYPOTHETICAL IS LET'S ASSUME YOU HAD A CONTRACT THAT SAID THAT RED LIGHT CAMERA WILL GET 30 PERCENT OF ALL REVENUE 18 19 GENERATED. MS. CASTILLO: NO. I DON'T THINK THAT'S VALID. THAT 20 21 WOULD NOT BE VALID. 22 THE COURT: WHAT WOULD HAPPEN TO THE TICKET? 23 MS. CASTILLO: THE CONTRACT WOULD NOT BE VALID. 24 THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND THE CONTRACT WOULDN'T BE VALID, 25 BUT THE TICKET WOULD STILL BE VALID. 26 MS. CASTILLO: MY ARGUMENT IS THE TICKET MAY STILL BE 27 VALID BASED ON MY INTERPRETATION OF THE STATUTE. 28 THE COURT: WHY?

1 MS. CASTILLO: BECAUSE IT'S NOT FATAL TO THE VIOLATION 2 BECAUSE THEY ARE NOT MAKING IT A MANDATORY. IT'S NOT PART 3 OF THE MANDATORY SECTIONS. 4 THE COURT: THIS IS MANDATORY. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY IT'S 5 NOT PART OF THE MANDATORY SECTIONS? 6 MS. CASTILLO: BECAUSE THE ONLY SECTION THAT HAS -- AND 7 I'M GOING TO READ, YOUR HONOR, IS THE ONLY SECTION THAT 8 MANDATES THAT ALL OF THE FOLLOWING MUST BE DONE BEFORE THE 9 CITY CAN ISSUE CITATIONS IS GOING BACK TO SECTION A. 10 SECTION A IS THE ONLY ONE THAT SAYS THAT WHERE A DRIVER IS 11 REQUIRED TO STOP MAY BE EQUIPPED WITH AN AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM IF THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY UTILIZES THE 12 13 SYSTEM AND MEETS ALL THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS. THAT'S THE 14 ONLY TIME THAT THE STATUTE SAYS ALL THE FOLLOWING 15 REQUIREMENTS. IF THE STATUTE SAID THOSE LANGUAGE IN EACH 16 AND EVERY SUBDIVISION, THEN WE WOULD NOT BE HERE. 17 THE COURT: SO ONLY THAT? 18 MS. CASTILLO: YES. 19 THE COURT: NOT B? 20 MS. CASTILLO: NO. B HAS DIFFERENT LANGUAGE. PRIOR TO ISSUING CITATIONS UNDER THE SECTION A LOCAL JURISDICTION 21 22 UTILIZES. SO THAT HAS AGAIN A PRIOR TO ISSUING CITATIONS 23 LANGUAGE. SOMETHING THAT THE CITY HAS TO DO PRIOR TO 2.4 ISSUING. THOSE ARE THE TWO ONLY SECTIONS THAT SAY THAT THE 25 CITY HAS TO DO SOMETHING BEFORE ISSUING CITATIONS. AND ANY 26 OTHER SECTION YOU READ FOLLOWING DOES NOT HAVE THAT 2.7 REQUIREMENT. THE ONLY TWO SECTIONS THAT PUT A REQUIREMENT 28 TO THE CITY BEFORE THEY HAVE TO ISSUE CITATIONS IS THE ONLY

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1
      TWO. WHY WOULD THE LEGISLATURE DECIDE TO PUT SPECIFIC
 2
      LANGUAGE IN THE FIRST TWO SECTIONS REQUIRING THE CITY PRIOR
 3
      TO ISSUING CITATIONS TO DO SOMETHING AND THEREAFTER NOT
 4
      INCLUDE THAT KIND OF LANGUAGE IN ANYWHERE ELSE? THE
 5
      OMISSION MEANS SOMETHING, YOUR HONOR. AND THAT'S WHAT I
 6
      ARGUED IN MY BRIEF. THE OMISSION OF A PRIOR REQUIREMENT
 7
      BEFORE ISSUING CITATION MEANS SOMETHING, MEANS THAT THEY DID
 8
      NOT WANT THAT TO BE A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO ISSUING
 9
      CITATIONS. THAT'S THE WAY I INTERPRET THE STATUTE, AND THE
10
      DEFENSE DISAGREES WITH ME, AND WE DO HAVE AN UNPUBLISHED
11
     OPINION THAT AGREES WITH ME.
12
          MR. ELLISON: I OBJECT TO ANY REFERENCE TO ANY
13
      UNPUBLISHED DECISION BECAUSE THERE ARE SOME THAT FAVOR
14
      DEFENDANTS AND SOME THAT DON'T.
15
         MS. CASTILLO: I WAS ABOUT TO FINISH THAT.
16
         THE COURT: I'M NOT CONSIDERING THAT. GO AHEAD,
17
     MR. ELLISON.
18
         MR. ELLISON: I WAS OBJECTING.
19
         MS. CASTILLO: I'M DONE.
20
         THE COURT: GO AHEAD.
21
         MR. ELLISON: THE PEOPLE WANT THE DEFENDANT TO FOLLOW
22
     THE LAW. THE DEFENDANTS THROUGH COUNSEL WANTS THE PEOPLE TO
23
     FOLLOW THE LAW. IN THIS PARTICULAR CASE THE LEGISLATURE HAS
24
     PROMULGATED 21453(A), THE RED LIGHT. AND THEY SAY IF YOU
25
     WANT TO USE AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT, YOU HAVE TO USE THE
26
     CRITERIA IN 21455. IT'S MUCH LIKE THE SPEEDING TICKET LAW.
     IT'S NOT IDENTICAL BECAUSE THERE ARE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS
27
28
     BECAUSE THEY SAY 22350, THE BASIC SPEED LAW, IS ILLEGAL.
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BUT IF YOU USE RADAR, LASER, OR SOME FORM OF TECHNOLOGY, YOU HAVE TO COMPLY WITH THE SPEED TRAP LAWS THAT COMPLY WITH SURVEY, AND THE LANGUAGE IS COMPARABLE TO THIS TYPE OF LANGUAGE.

SO THE ARGUMENT THAT THE PEOPLE ARE MAKING IS THAT A AND B OF 21455.5 IS REGULATORY, BUT C IS ESTABLISHING THE GUIDELINES. D, WHAT MAY OR MAY NOT BE DELEGATED TO MANUFACTURER. E AND F -- F AND G IN PARTICULAR WE ARE TALKING ABOUT THE VALIDITY OF A CONTRACT. THOSE ARE JUST ADVISORY TO THE CITIES AND WE ARE NOT GOING TO SAY THAT IF THERE'S AN ILLEGAL CONTRACT OR AN INVALID CONTRACT, THAT WE ARE ARGUING THERE'S A CONTRACT THAT VIOLATES THE STATUTE AND MRS. CASTILLO IS SAYING YES, IT APPEARS IT DOES NOT MEET THE SPIRIT OF THE STATUTE. AND I'M SAYING THE EXPRESS LANGUAGE OF THE STATUTE IS VIOLATED.

THE COURT: LET ME MAKE YOUR ARGUMENT SLIGHTLY EASIER

AND FOCUS YOU WHERE I WOULD LIKE TO ADDRESS. I DON'T SEE

THESE AS ADVISORY. I DON'T THINK THERE'S ANY WAY TO READ C,

D, E, F, AND G AS ADVISORY. THEY ARE REQUIREMENTS.

THE QUESTION THAT I HAVE IS SIMPLY IS IT FATAL IF
THE REQUIREMENTS HAVEN'T BEEN MET? AND LET'S START WITH G.
I MEAN I RECOGNIZE THAT A AND B ARE CONDITIONS PRECEDENT.
BUT IT DOESN'T MEAN C THROUGH G CAN BE IGNORED. THE
LEGISLATURE SAYS THAT EACH OF THESE IS TO BE COMPLIED WITH.
THEY DON'T GIVE REMEDIES. THEY SAY NONCOMPLIANCE SHALL
RESULT IN THE TICKET BEING DISMISSED. AND THAT'S THE PART
THAT I'M HAVING SOME TROUBLE WITH HERE BECAUSE ON THE OTHER
HAND, THE EVIDENCE IS CLEAR THAT YOUR CLIENTS RAN THE RED

LIGHT. THE VIDEOS WERE CLEAR. THE PICTURE WERE CLEAR.

THERE ISN'T ANY ISSUE IN THIS COURT'S MIND. THE ONLY ISSUE
IS WHAT'S THE REMEDY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ONE OF THE
SUBSECTIONS C THROUGH G, NUMBER ONE? NUMBER TWO, GIVE ME
ONE SECOND. I WANT TO LOOK AT THIS LANGUAGE ON THE
COMPENSATION, EXHIBIT B.

2.5

I'LL SAY THIS. I DON'T UNDERSTAND WHY THE LANGUAGE IS THERE. LET ME SAY IT DIFFERENTLY. I COMPLETELY UNDERSTAND WHY IT'S THERE. I'M SURPRISED THEY PUT IT THERE. BUT YOU DON'T KNOW THAT IT VIOLATES THE LETTER OF G. CERTAINLY IN MY MIND IT WOULD VIOLATE THE SPIRIT BUT NOT NECESSARILY THE LETTER BECAUSE IT DOESN'T GIVE THEM WHAT G PROHIBITS WHICH IS A PERCENTAGE OF THE REVENUE GENERATED. WHAT IT DOES IS PROTECTS CULVER CITY SHOULD THE REVENUE GENERATED BE SUFFICIENT TO --

MR. ELLISON: WHICH CREATES THE INCENTIVE FOR REDFLEX TO ISSUE AS MANY CITATIONS AS THEY CAN WITHOUT PROPER -- WHICH IS RIGHT OUT OF SUBSECTION C, PROPER SCREENING, AND ISSUING GUIDELINES THAT CULVER CITY WAS SUPPOSED TO PROMULGATE. AND THAT TIES INTO THAT INCENTIVE FOR REDFLEX TO ISSUE AS MANY CITATIONS AS POSSIBLE.

THIS COURT MAY BE AWARE IN THE HANDLING OF TRAFFIC MATTERS OF A CITATION BEING ISSUED TO A MARY SMITH AND IT'S ACTUALLY THE PHOTOGRAPH OF A MAN. WHERE I'M GOING IS THAT IF THERE WERE PROPER SCREENING ISSUING AND SCREENING GUIDELINES BY CULVER CITY THAT SAY, "WELL, WHERE THERE IS THIS ISSUE OF CLEARLY A GENDER ISSUE, YOU MUST GO TO THE DMV, GET A COPY OF THE DMV PHOTOGRAPH OF THE DRIVER,

WHATEVER THEY HAVE TO DO TO MAKE SURE THAT THE ISSUING AND THE SCREENING IS CORRECT." OTHERWISE, REDFLEX HAS THIS INCENTIVE TO ISSUE OUT EVERY CITATION THAT IS A MARGINALLY CLEAR PHOTOGRAPH OF A DRIVER AND LET THE CITIZEN COME INTO COURT AND SAY EITHER THAT'S NOT ME OR IT'S NOT A CLEAR PHOTOGRAPH. THE INCENTIVE FOR REDFLEX IS TO ISSUE AS MANY CITATIONS.

I'M REPEATING MYSELF, BUT THAT IS WHERE THE INCENTIVE TIES IN. IF YOU WILL, THE ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIFORM GUIDELINES PER SCREENING AND ISSUING OUT OF (C)(1) TIES RIGHT INTO G. AND THE ISSUES OF IN EXHIBIT B, DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT B, NOW THAT SAYS IF YOU DON'T MAKE ENOUGH MONEY, WE CAN TALK ABOUT THIS.

AND THEN IF YOU LOOK AT PARAGRAPH TEN, IT GIVES
THIS WHOLE PROCESS OF IF WE ARE UNABLE TO RESOLVE THIS, THEN
WE ARE GOING TO GO TO BINDING OR NONBINDING ARBITRATION.

THERE'S ENOUGH REVENUE IN THE CITY BY THE TERMS OF THE
CONTRACT. AND OF COURSE THAT TIES BACK INTO MY ARGUMENT
THAT (C)(1) REQUIRES THE CITY TO ESTABLISH UNIFORM
GUIDELINES. THE COURT IS SAYING WHAT'S THE REMEDY FOR THAT?
YOU AGREE THERE'S THIS OBLIGATION. YOU ARE SAYING WHAT IS
THE REMEDY? WELL, WHAT IS THE REMEDY OF, FOR EXAMPLE -WELL, I'LL LEAVE THAT TO THE COURT'S CALL. IT SEEMS TO ME
THAT IF THERE'S A VIOLATION OF THE STATUTE REGARDING THE
ISSUING OF TICKETS REGARDING HOW ABOUT LET'S TALK ABOUT -MS. CASTILLO: MAY I RESPOND BEFORE WE MOVE FORWARD?

THE COURT: LET HIM FINISH.

MS. CASTILLO: GO AHEAD.

2.0

2.7

MR. ELLISON: THIS TIES INTO THE NOTICE REQUIREMENTS
REGARDING THE USE OF THE AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM.

LET'S TALK WASHINGTON AND BEETHOVEN WHICH INVOLVES

ONE OF THE TWO CASES BEFORE YOU. THERE'S NO EVIDENCE

PRESENTED IN THIS RECORD OF 120 OR 130 PAGES IN THE

TESTIMONY THAT THEY EVER GAVE PUBLISHED ANNOUNCEMENTS

REGARDING THAT INTERSECTION. THERE WAS NEVER ANY EVIDENCE

IN THIS RECORD. AND, BY THE WAY, I FILED A SUPPLEMENTAL

BRIEF THAT I SERVED THE PEOPLE THIS MORNING. I KNOW YOU

HAVEN'T LOOKED AT IT. IT'S A SUPPLEMENT TO WHAT I'M SAYING

NOW. BUT IT CHARACTERIZES THIS ARGUMENT THAT I'M MAKING

AND, IN MY OPINION, SHOWS THE ILLOGICAL ARGUMENT THAT THE

PEOPLE ARE MAKING B, C THROUGH G. AND THE COURT IS AGREEING

THAT C THROUGH G IS REGULATORY. IT'S JUST WHAT'S THE REMEDY

IF THERE'S NO ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE PUBLIC THAT WE ARE USING

AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT AT WASHINGTON AND BEETHOVEN.

WARNING NOTICES FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM FOR THAT INTERSECTION SO THE PUBLIC KNOWS THAT IS AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT, NOR IS THERE EVIDENCE BEFORE THIS COURT ALTHOUGH THE OFFICER ALLUDED THAT THERE ARE SIGNS. BUT I DON'T KNOW THAT HE SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED IT. AND HE MAY HAVE ON THE RECORD ABOUT SIGNS AT WASHINGTON AND BEETHOVEN. HE PROBABLY ALLUDED TO THAT, BUT I DON'T REMEMBER. CERTAINLY THE PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THEY ARE GOING TO BE USING AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT AND THE WARNINGS AT THAT INTERSECTION HAVE NOT BEEN PRESENTED IN THIS RECORD.

1 THE COURT: DO YOU CONCUR? MS. CASTILLO: I DO NOT REMEMBER. I REMEMBER THAT 2 3 OFFICER TESTIFIED ABOUT EACH INTERSECTION. SO I'M NOT SURE. I DON'T WANT TO MISSTATE WHAT THE OFFICER TESTIFIED. I DID 4 5 PRESENT ALL THE PUBLICATIONS AND WARNING PERIODS THAT WERE 6 RELEVANT TO THIS CASE. 7 THE COURT: SO WHERE IS THE 30-DAY? WHERE IS PROOF OF 8 30-DAY WARNING? 9 MR. ELLISON: I WILL TELL THE COURT THAT I HAVE GONE THROUGH ALL 129 PAGES METICULOUSLY LOOKING FOR THAT WARNING 10 NOTICE AT THIS INTERSECTION. AND I'LL REPRESENT --11 12 MS. CASTILLO: IT'S EXHIBIT A. 13 THE COURT: A? 14 MS. CASTILLO: IT'S PART OF THE EXHIBIT A, THE PACKET. 15 THE COURT: WHERE? YOU HAVE TO PICK OUT THE PAGE. 16 MS. CASTILLO: YES. I MAY HAVE EXHIBIT A. MR. ELLISON: ARE YOU TALKING ABOUT THE 129-PAGE THING? 17 18 MS. CASTILLO: YEAH. 19 MR. ELLISON: I'LL TELL YOU THE SPECIFIC PAGE REFERENCE 20 AND YOUR HONOR HAS THIS ALSO, THE ONE WITH THE BIG PAPER 21 CLIP ON IT. IF YOU LOOK AT PAGES STARTING AT 34. 22 MS. CASTILLO: PAGE 44, YOUR HONOR, IS A SAMPLE OF A 23 WARNING PERIOD NOTICE. 24 THE COURT: IS THAT FOR THIS INTERSECTION? 25 MS. CASTILLO: IT'S NOT SPECIFIC TO ANY INTERSECTION, 26 YOUR HONOR. IT'S SPECIFIC TO THE WHEN THE SYSTEM WAS 27 IMPLEMENTED.

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MR. ELLISON: IN 1998.

1 THE COURT: RIGHT. WHAT'S THE EVIDENCE THAT THE 30-DAY 2 PERIOD WAS COMPLIED WITH? MS. CASTILLO: THERE'S NO REQUIREMENT THAT EACH 3 4 INTERSECTION BE -- THERE SHOULD BE A WARNING PERIOD FOR EACH 5 INTERSECTION. THE STATUTE DOES NOT SAY EACH INTERSECTION. 6 THE STATUTE SAYS THE SYSTEM. BEFORE THE SYSTEM IS 7 IMPLEMENTED. THAT'S ANOTHER LEGAL ARGUMENT. THAT WOULD BE 8 SECTION B, YOUR HONOR, ANOTHER LEGAL ARGUMENT THAT WE ARE 9 BOTH FAMILIAR WITH. 10 THE COURT: YOU ARE SAYING THAT YOU ONLY --11 MS. CASTILLO: IF I MAY, YOUR HONOR, I'M NOT EVEN SURE 12 IF WHAT THE EVIDENCE -- I'M MAKING A LEGAL ARGUMENT THAT THE 13 WARNING PERIOD NEED NOT BE EVERY TIME. IT ONLY NEEDS TO BE 14 WHEN THE SYSTEM IS IMPLEMENTED IN THE CITY BY THE 15 GOVERNMENT. HOWEVER, THE EVIDENCE MAY REFLECT OTHER BECAUSE 16 I DON'T REMEMBER THE OFFICER'S TESTIMONY. 17 THE COURT: WAIT A SECOND. EACH NEW LOCATION YOU ARE 18 SUPPOSED TO GIVE 30 DAYS. 19 MS. CASTILLO: NO, YOUR HONOR. 2.0 THE COURT: MR. ELLISON, WHAT'S YOUR POSITION? 21 MR. ELLISON: ABSOLUTELY. THIS IS NOTICE, A DUE PROCESS 22 NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC THAT WE ARE GOING TO BE DOING AUTOMATED 23 ENFORCEMENT AT WASHINGTON AND BEETHOVEN. WE SEND OUT 24 WARNING TICKETS FOR THE FIRST 30 DAYS THAT YOU ARE USING THE 25 AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM, AND THEN THEY CAN START OF 26 COURSE ISSUING CITATIONS. THAT'S WHY I WAS DEALING WITH THE 2.7 DISCOVERY BEING SPECIFIC. I DETAILED THIS IN THE REMAINING

ISSUES IN DISCOVERY. I DETAILED AT THE HEARING THAT WE

1 LITIGATED BEFORE THE COURT AND THEY SAID, "WE HAVE GIVEN 2 MR. ELLISON THIS IN THIS PACKET OF MATERIALS. MR. ELLISON 3 HAS THIS IN THIS PACKET OF MATERIALS THAT WE JUST REFERRED 4 TO THE SEPTEMBER 18, 2008, LETTER WITH SOME 129 PAGES 5 ALTOGETHER." 6 MS. CASTILLO: IT'S SECTION B, YOUR HONOR, IF I MAY 7 DIRECT THE COURT. IT SAYS, "PRIOR TO ISSUING CITATIONS 8 UNDERSTAND THE SECTION, A LOCAL JURISDICTION UTILIZING AN 9 AUTOMATED TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM SHALL COMMENCE THE 10 PROGRAM TO ISSUE ONLY WARNING NOTICES FOR 30 DAYS." 11 MR. ELLISON: THIS IS THE STATUTE PROVISION YOU SAID --12 MS. CASTILLO: IS A REOUIREMENT. AND I'M SAYING THE REQUIREMENT IS FOR THE SYSTEM. DOESN'T SAY FOR EACH AND 13 14 EVERY INTERSECTION. 15 THE COURT: BUT THEY ARE NOT CONNECTED TO SEARCH AND 16 SEIZURE OTHER. THE WAY -- THESE ARE ALL INDEPENDENT. EACH 17 ONE CAN BE REPLACED AND REMOVED. 18 MS. CASTILLO: YES. 19 THE COURT: I'M JUST GOING TO WALK THROUGH WHAT I SEE 2.0 ARE THE ISSUES. ONE IS THE 30-DAY NOTICE AT WASHINGTON AND 21 BEETHOVEN. NEXT. 22 MR. ELLISON: THE PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENTS. WAS THE COURT 23 GROUPING THOSE TWO TOGETHER, THE 30-DAY WARNING NOTICES AND 24 THE 30-DAY PUBLICATION? 25 THE COURT: THOSE ARE BOTH UNDER B? 26 MR. ELLISON: THOSE ARE BOTH UNDER B. 27 MS. CASTILLO: AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERENCE BACK IN --28 WHAT WAS THE YEAR?

THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND. I JUST WANT TO GET THE ISSUES ON THE TABLE. GO AHEAD. NEXT.

MR. ELLISON: NEXT, OF COURSE, TIES INTO (C)(1) WHICH DEALS WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING AND ISSUING CITATIONS FOR THAT INTERSECTION IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO BE SPECIFIC. AND IT ALSO REQUIRES THE CITY TO HAVE PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE SCREENING AND ISSUING GUIDELINES THAT THEY ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE.

WE ARE BACK TO THE ISSUE THAT YOU ASKED ABOUT EARLIER. WHAT'S THE REMEDY? THIS IS WHAT'S MISSING FROM THIS RECORD ARE THESE -- ALSO THESE GUIDELINES. AND THEN UNDER (C)(2)(A), OF COURSE, THE GUIDELINES FOR SELECTING AN INTERSECTION.

THE COURT: SO DO I HAVE ANY EVIDENCE IN FRONT OF ME, COUNSEL, THE UNIFORM GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING AND ISSUING VIOLATIONS?

MS. CASTILLO: THE ONLY -- NOT A DOCUMENT, YOUR HONOR.

THE ONLY TESTIMONY IN REFERENCE TO THE GUIDELINES WAS THE

OFFICER'S TESTIMONY THAT HE WAS PRESENT AT THE TIME OF THE

INITIATION OF ALMOST EVERY INTERSECTION. HE SAID EVERY

INITIAL STATUS CONFERENCE BECAUSE HE HASN'T STOPPED WORKING

SINCE BACK IN THE EARLY 90S. HE WAS INVOLVED IN HOW THE

POLICE DEPARTMENT SELECTED AND DECIDED WHICH INTERSECTION.

AND AS AN EXPERT IN THE FATALITIES DIVISION, HE WAS

CONSULTED AT ALL TIMES.

THE COURT: I RECALL ALL OF THAT. WHAT I DON'T HAVE ANY RECOLLECTION OF IS EVIDENCE THAT THERE ARE UNIFORM GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING AND ISSUING VIOLATIONS AND FOR THE

PROCESSING AND STORAGE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND
ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THOSE
GUIDELINES.

MS. CASTILLO: I'M SORRY.

THE COURT: (C)(1). THAT'S THE ONE THAT I DON'T RECALL ANY EVIDENCE TO THAT EFFECT. I RECALL EVERYTHING YOU TESTIFIED TO. I AGREE WITH YOU. HE TESTIFIED TO ALL OF THAT.

MS. CASTILLO: BUT HE ALSO TESTIFIED THAT THEY ARE IN CONTROL AND THEY ARE THE ONES WHO -- AND THEY ARE THE ONES WHO ISSUED THE CITATIONS AND THE PROCEDURES ARE -- THAT THEY ARE THE ONES WHO ESTABLISHED THE PROCEDURES. HE TESTIFIED IN HIS FOUNDATIONAL TESTIMONY, YOUR HONOR, BEFORE ANY SPECIFIC TO EACH CITATION.

THE COURT: BUT I DIDN'T HEAR WHAT THE UNIFORM

GUIDELINES WERE OR THAT THEY EVEN EXIST. I DIDN'T HEAR THAT

THEY HAD GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING AND ISSUING VIOLATIONS FOR

PROCESSING AND STORAGE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR

ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES TO ESTABLISH PROCEDURE OF THOSE

GUIDELINES.

MS. CASTILLO: I HAVE TO SPEAK FROM MY MEMORY BECAUSE

THIS IS PART OF HIS FOUNDATIONAL TESTIMONY. AND HE SAYS

THAT HE'S IN CONTROL AND THEN HE IS THE ONE WOULD ISSUES THE

CITATIONS. THERE'S A PARAGRAPH. I'M NOT SURE.

THE COURT: DON'T YOU SEE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WHAT YOU ARE SAYING AND WHAT I'M SAYING?

MS. CASTILLO: I COULD BE WRONG, YOUR HONOR. I'M NOT SURE.

THE COURT: NO. EVERYTHING YOU SAID DOESN'T COMPORT
WITH (C)(1). I'M LOOKING FOR SOME EVIDENCE THAT (C)(1) WAS
COMPLIED WITH.

MS. CASTILLO: I BELIEVE HE TESTIFIED IN REFERENCE TO (C)(1), YOUR HONOR, AS PART OF HIS FOUNDATIONAL TESTIMONY. I DO REMEMBER WE HAD A DISCUSSION IN REFERENCE TO THE DOCUMENT THAT I PRODUCED TO COUNSEL IN REFERENCE TO (C)(1). AND THEN IT'S NOT PART OF THE RECORD. AND I TOLD COUNSEL THAT HE HAD A COPY. AND IF HE WANTED TO QUESTION THE OFFICER, HE SHOULD HAVE BROUGHT THE DOCUMENT IN. IT'S NOT PART OF THE PEOPLE'S CASE AND HE HAS A DOCUMENT THAT WAS PRODUCED.

THE COURT: NEXT ISSUE IS 21455.5(C)(2)(A).

MR. ELLISON: CORRECT, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: AND THE OFFICER DID ORALLY TESTIFY THAT

AGAIN HE'S -- HE THOUGHT THERE WERE WRITTEN GUIDELINES, BUT

HE WASN'T ABLE TO LOCATE THEM. NOR HAVE ANY BEEN PRESENTED

TO THE COURT. HE DID TESTIFY THAT HE HAS BEEN A TRAFFIC

OFFICER AND AN ACCIDENT RECONSTRUCTION EXPERT AND THAT THESE

ARE DANGEROUS INTERSECTIONS THAT WERE SELECTED. AND HE

KNOWS THAT BECAUSE HE'S BEEN ON THE FORCE FOR A LONG TIME.

BUT I STILL DON'T HAVE GUIDELINES IN FRONT OF ME AS TO IS THE CRITERION INTERSECTIONS WITH OVER 10,000 CARS PER DAY OR 12,000 CARS PER DAY OR INTERSECTIONS WHERE THEY HAVE HAD MORE THAN FIVE ACCIDENTS PER MONTH OR PER WEEK OR PER YEAR? INTERSECTIONS WHERE THEY HAVE HAD FATALITIES. I HAVE NOT HEARD ANY OF THAT INFORMATION.

MR. ELLISON: IN THAT REGARD, YOUR HONOR, SECTION

(C)(2)(A) THAT WE ARE TALKING ABOUT ESTABLISHING GUIDELINES 1 2 IS CLEARLY, THE PEOPLE HAVE AGREED, ONE THAT CANNOT BE 3 DELEGATED TO REDFLEX. 4 THE COURT: THEY ARE ARGUING FROM WHAT I'M HEARING IS 5 IT'S A RIGHT WITHOUT A REMEDY. 6 MR. ELLISON: THAT'S ONE OF THE THINGS THAT THEY ARE 7 ARGUING. BUT THEY ARE CLEARLY AGREEING THAT (C)(2)(A) 8 CANNOT BE DELEGATED TO REDFLEX. IN PAGE 51 OF THIS MATERIAL 9 THAT WAS SENT TO US ON SEPTEMBER 18, 2008, THAT YOU HAVE 10 SOMEPLACE IN SOME BIG PAPER CLIPPED OR MAYBE IT'S -- BUT ON 11 PAGE 51. 12 THE COURT: WHAT DOES IT SAY? MINE AREN'T STAMPED. 13 MR. ELLISON: YOU SHOULD HAVE BATES NUMBERING ON THE BOTTOM. IT WOULD BE EXACTLY THIS PACKET THAT I'M HOLDING IN 14 15 MY HAND WITH THIS BIG PAPER CLIP. IF IT'S NOT IN THE 16 MATERIALS THAT THE COURT HAS, THEN I CERTAINLY WILL --17 THE COURT: I HAVE IT. 18 MR. ELLISON: I WILL SHOW COUNSEL BECAUSE I DON'T 19 BELIEVE THEY HAVE IT WITH THEM TODAY. 20 THE COURT: OKAY. 21 MR. ELLISON: IN THE MIDDLE PARAGRAPH IT SAYS -- AND BY 22 THE WAY, THIS IS FROM 2007. IT SAYS, "POLICE LIEUTENANT ED 23 BONN, WHO RESPONDED TO THE VENDOR, WILL BE MONITORING THE 24 INTERSECTIONS TO SEE IF IT WARRANTS PLACEMENT OF A CAMERA. 2.5 IT PRESENTLY IS BEING EVALUATED." 26 IT SEEMS IF JUST LOOKING AT THAT, IT'S A SUBISSUE.

BUT IT'S AN ISSUE THAT THEY ARE ACTUALLY DELEGATING THIS TO

REDFLEX TO MONITORING TO TELL THEM THIS IS AN INTERSECTION

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1 WE THINK YOU SHOULD USE. AND ON THE LIST WE DON'T HAVE 2 CULVER CITY'S GUIDELINES FOR DOING THIS. I THINK IT'S GOING 3 TO BE A FUNCTION OF IF WE HAVE A LOT OF TRAFFIC AT THIS 4 INTERSECTION. I HOPE I'M NOT BEING OVERLY ARGUMENTATIVE. 5 BUT AN INTERSECTION WITH A LOT OF ACTIVITY BECAUSE THAT'S 6 WHERE WE CAN GENERATE A LOT OF CITATIONS. AND THEREFORE, 7 OUR CONTRACT WE WON'T HAVE TO LITIGATE THE ISSUES OF 21455.G 8 IF WE DON'T HAVE ENOUGH INTERSECTION INCIDENTS FOR AT THAT 9 INTERSECTION. AND I BELIEVE THE COURT HEARD ALL OF MY 10 ARGUMENTS, AND I SUPPLEMENTED THAT WITH THE DEALING WITH THE 11 ISSUE THAT THERE HAS TO BE NOTICES TO EACH INTERSECTION. 12 THERE HAS TO BE COMPLIANCE AS TO EACH INTERSECTION. 13 OTHERWISE, THE STATE IS SORT OF LIKE --14 THE COURT: WE HAVE TWO INTERSECTIONS. WASHINGTON AND 15 BEETHOVEN. AND THE OTHER INTERSECTION IS? 16 MR. ELLISON: SEPULVEDA AND SLAUSON. 17 THE COURT: DO YOU HAVE THE SAME ISSUE WITH SEPULVEDA 18 AND SLAUSON? 19 MR. ELLISON: SEPULVEDA AND SLAUSON THERE'S NO TESTIMONY 20 REGARDING THE 30-DAY WARNING TICKETS. THERE IS IN THIS 21 PACKET OF MATERIALS, IN THE SEPTEMBER 18TH PACKET OF 2008 22 MATERIALS, REFERENCE TO PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THEY ARE 23 GOING TO CONSIDER SEPULVEDA AND WEST SLAUSON AS A LOCATION 24 FOR RED LIGHT AUTOMATED ENFORCEMENT. SO THAT'S IN THIS 25 PACKET OF MATERIALS WHICH IS PART OF THIS RECORD BUT NOT THE 26 WARNING TICKETS AND NOT THE OTHER COMPLIANCE ISSUES THAT WE 27 DISCUSSED.

THE COURT: LET ME GIVE LAST WORD AND LOOK THROUGH THESE

1 EXHIBITS AND COME BACK IN A FEW MINUTES. MS. CASTILLO: IF I MAY, JUST TWO MINUTES. 2 3 NO ONE CAN MAKE DEFENDANTS RUN A RED LIGHT. WE 4 KNOW THAT'S A BASIC CONCEPT OF RUNNING A RED LIGHT. 5 THE COURT: YOU'VE WON ON THAT ISSUE. THEY RAN THE RED 6 LIGHTS. THE ISSUE IS ALL THESE OTHER PROBLEMS. 7 MS. CASTILLO: AND I WANT TO GO THROUGH THE 30-DAY 8 NOTICE THING. THE 30-DAY NOTICE REQUIREMENT COUNSEL IS 9 SAYING IT WASN'T PART OF THE EVIDENCE. I'M SAYING IT WASN'T 10 PART OF -- IT IS PART OF THE EVIDENCE AND THE INTERPRETATION 11 OF COUNSEL. 12 THE COURT: WHERE IS THE PART -- YOU ARE SAYING IT ONLY 13 HAS TO BE GIVEN ONCE? 14 MS. CASTILLO: YES. 15 THE COURT: SO THE FIRST TIME ANY CITY -- LET'S TAKE LOS 16 ANGELES CITY AS AN EXAMPLE. THEY PUT A RED LIGHT CAMERA IN 17 BOYLE HEIGHTS. THEY HAVE TO GIVE A 30-DAY PUBLIC 18 ANNOUNCEMENT. AND THEN THEY HAVE TO ISSUE WARNING CITES FOR 19 30 DAYS. IF THEY THEN WANT TO PUT A RED LIGHT CAMERA AT 20 SEPULVEDA AND OLYMPIC BOULEVARD. THEY NO LONGER HAVE TO DO 21 ANY OF THOSE? 22 MS. CASTILLO: THAT'S MY INTERPRETATION OF SECTION B, 23 YOUR HONOR. HOWEVER, I WANTED TO ALSO INCLUDE THE --24 BECAUSE I DO NOT REMEMBER THE OFFICER'S TESTIMONY WHETHER OR 2.5 NOT HE INDICATED -- BECAUSE HE TESTIFIED ON 26 CROSS-EXAMINATION. I REMEMBER THE OUESTION. I JUST DON'T 27 REMEMBER THE TESTIMONY, PARTICULARLY FOR THESE TWO 28 INTERSECTIONS, WHETHER OR NOT SEPARATE WARNINGS WERE DONE.

SO I CAN'T QUOTE WHAT THE TESTIMONY WAS. 1 THE COURT: WHAT ABOUT PAGE 51 WHERE IN A COUNCIL 2 3 SESSION POLICE LIEUTENANT SAYS THE RED LIGHT CAMERA COMPANY IS GOING TO GO OUT AND DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT IT'S AN 4 5 APPROPRIATE INTERSECTION? ISN'T THAT A PROBLEM? 6 MS. CASTILLO: THAT'S JUST PART OF THE -- IT'S NOT PART 7 OF THE TESTIMONY HERE WHETHER THAT WAS DONE OR NOT, FIRST OF ALL. SECOND --8 9 THE COURT: IT'S IN EVIDENCE. MS. CASTILLO: YES, IT'S EVIDENCE. I UNDERSTAND THAT. 10 11 BUT IT'S IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE POLICE DEPARTMENT. THE 12 VENDOR WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO DO ANYTHING WITHOUT THE 13 AUTHORITY OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT. 14 THE COURT: THE POLICE DEPARTMENT IS SUPPOSED TO SELECT. "THIS IS AN INTERSECTION WHERE WE ARE HAVING PROBLEMS. PUT 15 16 THE CAMERAS THERE." 17 IT'S NOT, "THIS IS AN INTERSECTION WHERE WE ARE 18 HAVING PROBLEMS. WHY DON'T YOU GO OUT AND LOOK AND TELL US 19 WHAT YOU THINK?" 20 THE LANGUAGE IS THE VENDOR WILL BE MONITORING THE

THE LANGUAGE IS THE VENDOR WILL BE MONITORING THE INTERSECTION TO SEE IF IT WARRANTS THE PLACEMENT OF A CAMERA. DOESN'T THAT APPEAR TO BE A DELEGATION OF THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES THAT THE CODE PLACES ON THE CITY? I MEAN THE CITY HAS A DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. THEY HAVE POLICE. THEY HAVE ALL THE PEOPLE THAT CAN DO THE STUDIES.

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MS. CASTILLO: WHICH THE TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE BY OFFICER MARKS WAS THAT IT WAS DONE.

MR. ELLISON: I ASKED IF HE HAD ANY DOCUMENTS WITH HIM.

1 AND HE SAID NO, HE DIDN'T HAVE THEM WITH HIM. 2 THE COURT: WHAT ABOUT THE --3 MS. CASTILLO: AS TO THE REST (C)(1) THROUGH G, YOUR 4 HONOR, MY ARGUMENT IS THE SAME. IT'S A RIGHT WITHOUT A 5 REMEDY. IT'S NOT A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO THE VIOLATION. 6 THE COURT: LET ME TAKE A COUPLE OF MINUTES. I'LL SEE 7 YOU IN ABOUT FIVE MINUTES. 8 (RECESS TAKEN.) 9 THE COURT: WE ARE BACK ON THE RECORD IN THE TWO 10 MATTERS. THE KARON AND GLIDE. PEOPLE VERSUS KARON AND 11 GLIDE. WE HAVE BOTH COUNSEL PRESENT. 12 I HAVE REREAD THE CODE SECTION AGAIN AND AGAIN AND 13 AGAIN. WITH RESPECT TO WASHINGTON AND BEETHOVEN, THAT 14 RELATES TO MR.? 15 MR. ELLISON: KARON, YOUR HONOR. AND GLIDE IS SEPULVEDA 16 AND WEST SLAUSON. 17 THE COURT: THE WAY I READ 21455.5(B) AND THE DEBATE THAT COUNSEL ARE HAVING IS THE DEFINITION OF SYSTEM. 18 19 SYSTEM CITYWIDE OR IS IT SIMPLY AN INTERSECTION? AND I'M 20 JUST GOING TO TELL YOU THAT I READ THIS CODE SECTION AS 21 DEFINING SYSTEM AS BEING INTERSECTION SPECIFIC. AND I'LL 22 TELL YOU WHY. 21455.5(A) SAYS THE LIMIT LINE, THE 23 INTERSECTION, OR A PLACE DESIGNATED IN SECTION 21455 WHERE A 24 DRIVER IS REQUIRED TO STOP MAY BE EQUIPPED WITH AN AUTOMATED 25 ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM. 26 SO IT'S REFERRING SPECIFICALLY TO ONE INTERSECTION. 2.7 IT CAN BE EOUIPPED WITH A SYSTEM IF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET. 28

EXCUSE ME. THE ACTUAL LANGUAGE IS IF THE GOVERNMENTAL

AGENCY UTILIZING THE SYSTEM MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING
REQUIREMENTS: ONE, IDENTIFIES THE SYSTEM BY SIGNS THAT
CLEARLY INDICATE THE SYSTEMS PRESENCE AND ARE VISIBLE TO
TRAFFIC APPROACHING FROM ALL DIRECTIONS OR POST SIGNS AT ALL
MAJOR ENTRANCES TO THE CITY INCLUDING, AT A MINIMUM, FREEWAY
BRIDGES AND STATE HIGHWAY ROUTES.

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2.7

TWO, IF IT LOCATES A SYSTEM AT AN INTERSECTION AND INSURES THAT THE SYSTEM MEETS THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN 21455.7. AND B SAYS PRIOR TO ISSUING CITATIONS UNDER THIS SECTION A LOCAL JURISDICTION UTILIZING AN AUTOMATED TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM SHALL COMMENCE A PROGRAM TO ISSUE ONLY WARNING NOTICES FOR 30 DAYS. FOR LOCAL JURISDICTION SHALL ALSO MAKE A PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE AUTOMATIC PUBLIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM AT LEAST PRIOR TO THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE PUBLIC SYSTEM PROGRAM.

I THINK THE CITY'S ARGUMENT IS NOT OUTRAGEOUS OR
UNREASONABLE IN TERMS OF SYSTEMS USUALLY ARE CITYWIDE LIKE
THERE'S THE TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS THAT ARE UTILIZED. BUT
IT SEEMS TO THE COURT -- AND THIS IS THE FINDING I'M
MAKING -- THAT THE WAY THE LEGISLATURE IS DEFINING SYSTEM IS
INTERSECTION SPECIFIC. AND MY UNDERSTANDING OF THESE
SYSTEMS IS THEY ARE NOT CONNECTED TO EACH OTHER. THERE'S NO
NEED FOR THEM TO BE CONNECTED. EACH SYSTEM IS INDEPENDENT
UNLIKE A TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM THAT WOULD CONTROL ALL OF
THE LIGHTS ON A STREET.

SO, FOR EXAMPLE, WASHINGTON BOULEVARD FROM

LA CIENEGA ALL THE WAY DOWN TO OVERLAND COULD BE CONTROLLED.

YOU COULD SIGNAL TIME THE LIGHTS AND MAKE THEM WORK TOGETHER

AS A UNIFIED SYSTEM OR UNIFORM SYSTEM. HERE EACH OF THESE IS INDEPENDENT. THERE'S NOTHING THAT REQUIRES THEM TO BE CONNECTED TO EACH OTHER TO FUNCTION. THEY ARE INDEPENDENT AND THEY ARE THERE TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT INDIVIDUALS RUN RED LIGHTS. I DISAGREE WITH THE PEOPLE'S ANALYSIS THAT THEY DON'T HAVE TO ISSUE WARNING CITATIONS FOR 30 DAYS.

AGAIN, I USE THE EXAMPLE OF LOS ANGELES CITY AND BOYLE HEIGHTS TO THE EAST AND COME ALL THE WAY TO THE WEST TO SEPULVEDA. IT SEEMS TO THE COURT THERE ARE TWO RATIONAL REASONS FOR HAVING A WARNING PERIOD. ONE IS TO MAKE SURE THE SYSTEM IS FUNCTIONING CORRECTLY. THE WARNING PERIOD GIVES YOU THAT OPTION TO REVIEW AND MAKE SURE BEFORE THE COURTS GET INVOLVED THAT THINGS ARE FUNCTIONING.

THE SECOND IS TO GIVE NOTICE SO THAT PEOPLE ARE NOW AWARE BECAUSE THE PURPOSE OF THESE CAMERAS IS TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC. IT'S NOT TO GENERATE REVENUE ALTHOUGH IT'S CLEAR THAT IT DOES GENERATE REVENUE AND THERE'S NOTHING THAT PROHIBITS THAT.

BUT THE PURPOSE IS TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC AND PUT
THESE AT INTERSECTIONS WHERE THERE ARE DANGERS. IF IT WAS
SIMPLY TO GENERATE REVENUE, THE LEGISLATURE WOULDN'T REQUIRE
ANY GUIDELINES. IT WOULD SIMPLY SAY, "YOU CAN PUT THEM AT
EVERY RED LIGHT IN THE CITY."

BUT IF A GUIDELINE SAID, "WE CAN PUT CAMERAS AT EVERY INTERSECTION WHERE THERE'S A RED LIGHT," I DON'T KNOW IF THAT WOULD BE WITHIN THE SPIRIT IF NOT THE ACTUAL INTENT OF THIS STATUTE.

HAVING SAID THAT, WITH RESPECT TO MR. GLIDE --

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EXCUSE ME. WITH RESPECT TO MR. KARON, SINCE THERE'S NO
EVIDENCE OF 30-DAY WARNING, THE COURT IS GOING TO FIND FOR
THE DEFENDANT. SO IT WOULD BE NOT GUILTY. AGAIN, I'M NOT
MAKING AN ABSOLUTE FINDING HERE. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT
WARNINGS WERE GIVEN, THAT THEY SIMPLY JUST WEREN'T PUT
BEFORE THE COURT. SO I'M NOT MAKING ANY FINDINGS THAT
SHOULD BE DEEMED PRECEDENT IN ANY OTHER CASES. BASED ON THE
EVIDENCE THAT'S BEFORE THIS COURT, THERE'S INSUFFICIENT
EVIDENCE TO FIND THAT THE PEOPLE HAVE NOT MET THEIR BURDEN
OF PROOF BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT THAT SUBSECTION
21455.5(B) WAS COMPLIED WITH NOR THAT (C)(1) AND (C)(2)(A)
WAS COMPLIED WITH.

2.5

I WANT TO ADDRESS THE ISSUE OF COMPENSATION. I
THINK IT'S MOOT, THE COMPENSATION. SO I DON'T KNOW THAT I
NEED TO ADDRESS IT WITH RESPECT TO MR. KARON. I WILL SAY
THE FOLLOWING. IT WOULD SEEM TO THE COURT THAT IF REVENUE
GENERATED DOES NOT EXCEED COSTS FOR ANY GIVEN INTERSECTION,
THAT THE SIMPLE SOLUTION IS TO REMOVE THE CAMERAS. THAT
WOULD SEEM TO ME TO BE A LEGAL AND APPROPRIATE TERM OR
CONDITION OF A CONTRACT. JUST REMOVE THE CAMERAS FROM THAT
LOCATION. THEY ARE NOT COST-EFFECTIVE. NOBODY WANTS THE
CITY TO LOSE MONEY.

OR ONE COULD ARGUE TO THE CONTRARY. LEAVE THEM
THERE BECAUSE THEY WERE PUT THERE TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC.
AND EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT GENERATING ENOUGH REVENUE TO COVER
THE COSTS, AS LONG AS THE INTERSECTION IS NOW SAFER OVERALL,
SOCIETY HAS BENEFITTED BECAUSE WE HAVE LESS INJURIES AND
LESS DEATHS. SO EITHER WAY THAT WOULD SEEM TO ME TO BE THE

PROPER OUTCOME. I'M NOT GOING TO ADDRESS THIS WITH RESPECT 1 TO MR. KARON BECAUSE I THINK IT'S MOOT AT THIS POINT. 2 3 WITH RESPECT TO MR. GLIDE WE HAVE THE SAME ISSUE, 4 THE 30-DAY WARNING TICKETS AND THE ABSENCE OF EVIDENCE TO 5 THAT EFFECT FOR THE PEOPLE'S BURDEN THAT WOULD MEET WITH THE 6 PEOPLE'S BURDEN OF PROOF. THAT ALONE IS FATAL. 7 OTHER ISSUES ARE INTERESTING SUCH AS TO WHETHER OR 8 NOT (C)(1), DEVELOPING UNIFORM GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING AND 9 ISSUING VIOLATIONS AND (C)(2)(A), WHETHER OR NOT FAILURE TO 10 PROVIDE EVIDENCE OF THAT WOULD ALSO BE FATAL. IT WOULD 11 APPEAR TO THE COURT THAT IT WOULD BE. BUT AGAIN, IT'S MOOT 12 AT THIS POINT SINCE THE COURT FINDS THAT THE 30-DAY WARNINGS 13 HAVE TO BE GIVEN FOR EACH INTERSECTION AND PROOF THEREOF HAS 14 TO BE PRESENTED TO THE COURT. SO EACH DEFENDANT WILL BE 15 FOUND NOT GUILTY. THAT'S THE COURT'S ORDER. 16 MR. ELLISON: THANK YOU, JUDGE, FOR TAKING THE TIME FOR 17 A NUMBER OF DAYS. 18 MS. CASTILLO: THANK YOU. 19 THE COURT: I HAVE TO TELL YOU YOU ARE BOTH EXCELLENT 20 LAWYERS. BOTH COUNSEL WERE FANTASTIC AND, UNFORTUNATELY, 2.1 ONE SIDE ALWAYS WINS AND LOSES. BUT AS I WAS TAUGHT MYSELF 22

ONE SIDE ALWAYS WINS AND LOSES. BUT AS I WAS TAUGHT MYSEL AND AS I TEACH OTHER PEOPLE, YOU DON'T MAKE THE FACTS UP. YOU ARE STUCK WITH WHAT YOU HAVE GOT AND BOTH OF YOU WERE FANTASTIC AND MY HAT'S OFF TO YOU. THANK YOU, BOTH.

(THE PROCEEDINGS WERE CONCLUDED.)

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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
3	DEDADEMENTS LIE NI LIONI CDATC D MADIANI TIDCE
4	DEPARTMENT WE N HON. CRAIG D. KARLAN, JUDGE
5	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
6	PLAINTIFF, NO. C126694, C141778
7) C150324, C129781 VS.
8)
9	ERIC M. BARR, DAVID H.) KARON, JOSEPH H. GLIDE) REPORTER'S
10) REFORTER 5) CERTIFICATE DEFENDANT.
11	DEFENDANT.
12	
13	
14	I, TANYA D. MCCOWAN, OFFICIAL REPORTER OF THE
15	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, FOR THE COUNTY OF
16	LOS ANGELES, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I DID CORRECTLY REPORT
17	THE PROCEEDINGS CONTAINED HEREIN AND THAT THE FOREGOING
18	PAGES 1 THROUGH 31, INCLUSIVE, COMPRISE A FULL, TRUE, AND
19	CORRECT TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS AND TESTIMONY TAKEN IN
20	THE MATTER OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED CAUSE ON APRIL 21 AND 30,
21	2009.
22	
23	DATED THIS 20TH DAY OF MAY, 2009
24	
25	
26	(1) 200//-
27	TANYA D. MCCOWAN, CSR NO. 10147
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER

EXHIBIT "B"

EXHIBIT "B"

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES MAY 24 2011 سرم

John A. Clarke, Exegutive Officer/Clerk

APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPERIOR COURT STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.) BR 048611 Lancaster Trial Court Plaintiff and Respondent, No. LC18300 V_{+} TAMMANY KAY FIELDS, **OPINION** Defendant and Appellant.

Defendant Tammany Kay Fields appeals from her conviction for violating Vehicle Code section 21453, subdivision (c), failure to stop for a red arrow signal light.¹

FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On April 14, 2010, Los Angeles County Sheriff Deputy Jonathan White issued a citation to defendant for the above-mentioned violation pursuant to the automated traffic

¹Vehicle Code 21453, subdivision (c) provides: "A driver facing a steady red arrow signal shall not enter the intersection to make the movement indicated by the arrow and unless entering the intersection to make a movement permitted by another signal, shall stop at a clearly marked limit 26 line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or if none, then before entering the intersection, and shall remain stopped until an indication permitting movement is shown."

All further statutory references are to the Vehicle Code unless otherwise indicated.

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enforcement system statutes. (§§ 21455.5-21455.7.) The citation alleged that on April 14, 2010, defendant violated section 21453, subdivision (c) by failing to stop for a red arrow signal at West Avenue L and West 20th Street in the City of Lancaster. The matter proceeded to trial on August 13, 2010.

Deputy White testified that he was assigned to the Lancaster traffic detail where his job duties included reviewing evidence obtained from the Redflex automated enforcement system and issuing citations. He had been involved in the coordination of the photo enforcement program since the spring of 2006 and had attended a 24-hour Redflex training class.² Deputy White testified as to the operation of the camera and its activation, the synchronization of the date and time stamps, as well as the process involved in downloading the photos and video, and the processing of the photographs and issuance of citations. Deputy White testified regarding the accuracy of the machines and their maintenance. He stated that he reviewed the photos obtained from the system installed at the subject intersection on April 15, 2010. The information imprinted thereon indicated that the light had been red for 0.79 seconds when a vehicle driven by defendant drove through the intersection at approximately 33 miles per hour. Deputy White stated that he had reviewed the video images and verified that the vehicle in the photograph matched the vehicle description on the citation prior to issuing the citation.

Deputy White then compared the "DMV/Cal-Photo" images to defendant, and identified her as the driver of the vehicle. The deputy presented a "Court-Pack," consisting of photographs, video and other documents which was admitted into evidence. Defendant objected to the documents created by the Redflex system on hearsay, confrontation clause and foundational grounds. The court overruled defendant's objections.

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²Redflex was the photo enforcement program vendor.

Defendant testified that the light was yellow as she drove through the intersection. Defendant introduced into evidence the contract between Redflex and the City of Lancaster, photographs of the signage at the intersection, and the Orange County Superior Court appellate division opinion in *People v. Khaled*.³

DISCUSSION

Defendant contends the following: (1) the contract between the City of Lancaster and Redflex was illegal as it contained language in violation of section 21455.5, subdivision (g)(1); (2) the location of the signs at the intersection violated section 21455.5, subdivision (a)(1); (3) the City failed to issue warning notices for 30 days prior to using the automated traffic enforcement system, in violation of section 21455.5, subdivision (b); and (4) the People did not provide an adequate foundation for the admission of Deputy White's testimony and the documents created by the Redflex system, and their admission was in violation of the confrontation clause of the federal constitution.

Compliance with notice requirement

We first address defendant's contention that the City failed to comply with the warning notice requirements of section 21455.5 subdivision (b). We find this contention has merit and accordingly reverse.⁴

Section 21455.5, subdivision (b) states, "Prior to issuing citations under this section, a local jurisdiction utilizing an automated traffic enforcement system shall commence a program to issue only warning notices for 30 days. The local jurisdiction shall also make a public announcement of the automated traffic enforcement system at least 30 days prior to the commencement of the enforcement program." The record contains the entirety of Deputy White's testimony regarding the issuance of the citation

³*People v. Khaled* (2010) 186 Cal.App.4th Supp.1.

⁴As we reverse on the grounds stated, we need not address defendant's remaining contentions.

and the workings of the Redflex system. Yet the record contains no evidence that the City complied with the 30-day warning notice period before issuing the citation in this case. Furthermore, we do not know when the automated traffic enforcement system was put into effect at this particular intersection. Accordingly, we find that the City has not proved it was authorized to issue citations pursuant to section 21455.5, subdivision (b).

The judgment is reversed.5

We concur.

Keosiai

P. McKay, P.J.

Dymant, J.

⁵Retrial is barred by the double jeopardy clause of the Fifth Amendment. (*Burks v. United States* (1978) 437 U.S. 1, 11.)

PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen. I am not a party to this action. My business address is 15303 Ventura Blvd., Ninth Floor, Sherman Oaks, CA 91403.

On September 10, 2012, I caused the foregoing document described as APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE to be served on the interested parties in this action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in sealed envelopes addressed as follows:

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

- [X] BY MAIL As follows: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles County, California in the ordinary course of business. The envelope was sealed and placed for collection and mailing on this date following our ordinary practices. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
- [X] (BY OVERNIGHT-FEDERAL EXPRESS) I caused said document(s) to be picked up by U.S. Federal Express Services for overnight delivery to the offices of the addressees listed on the Service List.

Executed on September 10, 2012 at Los Angeles, California.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

SHERMAN M. ELLISON, ESO.

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By Federal Express - Overnight

(Original and eight copies under CRC 8.44)

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

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SHERMAN M. ELLISON, ESQ.

Shunh.

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The following parties and/or interested entities were served by U.S. Mail

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The Honorable Lawrence Cho
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