AMENDMENTS TO THE CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT Adopted by the Judicial Council on April 17, 2015, effective on July 1, 2015

1	Rule 10.70. Task forces, working groups, and other advisory bodies				
2 3 4	<u>(a)</u>	Established by Chief Justice or Judicial Council			
5 6 7 8 9		The Chief Justice , the Administrative Director of the Courts, or the council may establish task forces and other advisory bodies to work on specific projects that cannot be addressed by the council's standing advisory committees. These task forces and other advisory bodies may be required to report to one of the internal committees or the Administrative Director, as designated in their charges.			
11 12		(Subd (a) lettered and amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as unlettered subd effective January 1, 1999.)			
13 14	<u>(b)</u>	Established by Administrative Director			
15 16 17 18 19		The Administrative Director may establish working groups to work on specific projects identified by the Administrative Director that address areas and topics within the Administrative Director's purview.			
20 21		(Subd (b) adopted effective July 1, 2015.)			
22 23 24 25	previ	10.70 amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as rule 6.70 effective January 1, 1999; iously renumbered effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective September 1, and August 14, 2009.			
26	Rule	le 10.101. Role of the Judicial Council and Administrative Office of the Courts			
272829	(a)	Purpose			
30 31 32 33		This rule specifies the responsibilities of the Judicial Council, the Chief Justice, the Administrative Director of the Courts, and the Administrative Office of the Courts council staff with respect to the judicial branch budget.			
34 35 36		(Subd (a) amended effective July 1, 2015; previously amended effective January 1, 2005, January 1, 2007, and August 14, 2009.)			
37 38	(b)	Duties of the Judicial Council			
39 40		The Judicial Council must:			
41		(1) ***			

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2		<u>(2)</u>	Develop policies and procedures for the creation and implementation of a	
3			yearly budget for the judicial branch;	
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5		(2) (3)	Develop the budget of the judicial branch based on the priorities established	
6			and the needs of the courts;	
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8		(3) (4)	Communicate and advocate the budget of the judicial branch to the Governor	
9			and the Legislature;	
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11		(4) (5)	Allocate funds in a manner that ensures equal access to justice for all citizens	
12			of the state, ensures the ability of the courts to carry out their functions	
13			effectively, promotes implementation of statewide policies as established by	
14			statute and the Judicial Council, and promotes implementation of efficiencies	
15			and cost-saving measures;	
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17		(5) (6	Resolve appeals on budget and allocation issues; and	
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19		(6) (7	Ensure that the budget of the judicial branch remains within the limits of the	
20			appropriation set by the Legislature.	
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22		(Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2015; previously amended effective January 1, 2007		
23		and A	lugust 14, 2009.)	
24	(a)	A41-	souity of the Chief Instice and Administrative Director of the Counts	
25	(c)	Auu	ority of the Chief Justice and Administrative Director of the Courts	
26 27		(1)	The Chief Justice and the Administrative Director of the Courts may take the	
28		(1)	The Chief Justice and the Administrative Director of the Courts may take the following actions, on behalf of the Judicial Council, with regard to any of the	
20 29			Judicial Council's recommended budgets for the Supreme Court, the Courts	
30			of Appeal, the trial courts, the Judicial Council, the Habeas Corpus Resource	
31			Center, and the Administrative Office of the Courts council staff:	
32			conter, and the Manimistrative office of the courts country start.	
33			(A)–(B) * * *	
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35		(2)	The Chief Justice and the Administrative Director of the Courts, on behalf of	
36		(-)	the Judicial Council, may allocate funding appropriated in the annual State	
37			Budget to the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeal, the Judicial Council, the	
38			Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and the Administrative Office of the Courts	
39			council staff.	
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41		(3)	After the end of each fiscal year, the Administrative Director of the Courts	
12			must report to the Judicial Council on the actual expenditures from the	
13			budgets for the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeal, the trial courts, the	

1 Judicial Council, the Habeas Corpus Resource Center, and the Administrative 2 Office of the Courts council staff. 3 4 (Subd (c) amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted effective January 1, 2005; previously 5 amended effective August 14, 2009.) 6 7 (d) **Duties of the Administrative Director of the Courts** 8 9 The Administrative Director of the Courts implements the directives of the Judicial 10 Council and must: 11 12 (1) Develop policies and procedures for the creation and implementation of a 13 yearly budget for the judicial branch; 14 15 (2)(1)Present the judicial branch budget in negotiations with the Governor and the 16 Legislature; and 17 18 (3)(2) Allocate to the trial courts, on behalf of the Judicial Council, a portion of the 19 prior fiscal year baseline allocation for the trial courts following approval of 20 the State Budget and before the allocation of state trial court funding by the 21 Judicial Council. The portion of the prior fiscal year baseline allocation that 22 may be so allocated is limited to the amount estimated to be necessary for the 23 operation of the courts pending action by the Judicial Council, and may not 24 exceed 25 percent of the prior fiscal year baseline allocation for each trial 25 court. 26 27 (Subd (d) amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as subd (c); previously relettered 28 effective January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 1, 2001, January 1, 2007, 29 and August 14, 2009.) 30 31 **Duties of the director of the Finance -Division** (e) 32 33 The director of the Finance Division of the Administrative Office of the Courts for 34 the Judicial Council, under the direction of the Administrative Director of the 35 Courts, administers the budget policies and procedures developed by the Administrative Director of the Courts and approved by the Judicial Council. The 36 37 director of the Finance Division must: 38 39 (1)–(4) *** 40 41 Assist all courts and the Administrative Director of the Courts in preparing 42 and managing budgets. 43

1 (Subd (e) amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as subd (d); previously relettered 2 effective January 1, 2005; previously amended effective January 1, 2007 and August 14, 3 2009.) 4 5 Rule 10.101 amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as rule 2301 effective July 1, 1998; 6 renumbered as rule 6.101 effective January 1, 1999; previously amended and renumbered 7 effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective January 1, 2001, January 1, 2005, and 8 August 14, 2009. 9 10 **Advisory Committee Comment** 11 12 Subdivision (c)(1)(A). Examples of technical changes to the budget include calculation of fiscal 13 need, translation of an approved concept to final fiscal need, and simple non-policy-related 14 baseline adjustments such as health and retirement benefits, Pro Rata, and the Statewide Cost 15 Allocation Plan. 16 17 Rule 10.473. Minimum education requirements for trial court executive officers 18 * * * 19 (a) 20 21 **(b) Content-based requirement** 22 23 (1) Each new executive officer must complete the Presiding Judges Orientation 24 and Court Management Program provided by the Administrative Office of 25 the Courts' Education Division/ Judicial Council's Center for Judicial 26 Judiciary Education and Research (CJER) within one year of becoming an 27 executive officer and should participate in additional education during the 28 first year. 29 30 (2) * * * 31 32 (Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2015.) 33 34 **Hours-based requirement** (c) 35 36 (1) Each executive officer must complete 30 hours of continuing education, 37 including at least three hours of ethics education, every three years. beginning 38 on the following date: 39 40 (A)(2)For a new executive officer, the first three-year period begins on 41 January 1 of the year following completion of the required education for new 42 executive officers. 43

1 (B) For all other executive officers, the first three-year period began on 2 January 1, 2007. 3 4 (2)(3) The following education applies toward the required 30 hours of continuing 5 education: 6 7 (A) * * * 8 9 Each hour of participation in traditional (live, face-to-face) education; 10 distance education such as broadcasts, videoconferences, and online 11 coursework; self-directed study; and faculty service counts toward the 12 requirement on an hour-for-hour basis. Each court executive officer 13 must complete at least half of his or her continuing education hours 14 requirement as a participant in traditional (live, face-to-face) education. 15 The court executive officer may complete the balance of his or her 16 education hours requirement through any other means with no 17 limitation on any particular type of education. The presiding judge has 18 discretion to determine the number of hours, if any, of traditional (live, 19 face-to-face) education required to meet the continuing education 20 requirement. 21 * * * 22 (C) 23 24 (Subd (c) amended effective July 1, 2015; previously amended effective January 1, 2008, 25 January 1, 2011, January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2013.) 26 27 * * * (d)–(e)28 29 Rule 10.473 amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as rule 10.463 effective January 1, 2007; 30 previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2008; previously amended effective 31 January 1, 2011, January 1, 2012, and January 1, 2013. 32 33 34 Rule 10.630. Reporting of Reciprocal assignment orders 35 36 A "reciprocal assignment order" is an order issued by the Chief Justice that permits 37 judges in courts of different counties to serve in each other's courts. A court must report 38 to the Administrative Office of the Courts, on a monthly basis, each assignment of a 39 judge from another county to its court under a reciprocal assignment order. 40 41 Rule 10.630 amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as rule 813 effective July 1, 1990; 42 previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007.

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1 Rule 10.804. Superior court financial policies and procedures 2 3 Adoption of financial policies and procedures by the Administrative Office of (a) 4 the Courts Judicial Council 5 6 The Administrative Office of the Courts must prepare and adopt a financial policies 7 and procedures manual for the superior courts (The "Trial Court Financial Policies 8 and Procedures Manual"), must be consistent with the rules of court and policies 9 adopted by the Judicial Council. The manual and must include accounting 10 standards for superior courts and policies and procedures for procurement and 11 contracting by superior courts. These policies and procedures must not modify 12 superior courts' existing authority to procure, contract for, or use goods or services 13 or the requirement that a court have authorized funding available in order to 14 procure or contract for any good or service. 15 16 (Subd (a) amended effective July 1, 2015; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) 17 18 Comment period for financial policies and procedures **(b)** 19 20 Before issuing or amending the Trial Court Financial Policies and Procedures 21 Manual, the Administrative Office of the Courts Judicial Council must make it 22 available for comment from to the superior courts and from, the California 23 Department of Finance, and the State Controller's Office for 30 days for comment. 24 25 (Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2015; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) 26 27 * * * (c) 28 29 Rule 10.804 amended effective July 1, 2015; adopted as rule 6.707 effective January 1, 2001; 30 previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007.