AMENDMENTS TO THE CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT

Adopted by the Judicial Council on February 28, 2012, effective on July 1, 2012

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1	Kule	8.25. Service, filing and filing fees
2	(.)	***
3	(a)	<u> </u>
4 5	(b)	Filing
6	(D)	rining
7		(1)–(2) ***
8		
9		(3) A brief, an application to file an amicus curiae brief, an answer to an amicus
10		<u>curiae brief</u> , a petition for rehearing, an answer to a petition for rehearing, a
11		petition for transfer of an appellate division case to the Court of Appeal, an
12		answer to such a petition for transfer, a petition for review, an answer to a
13		petition for review, or a reply to an answer to a petition for review is timely if
14		the time to file it has not expired on the date of:
15		
16		(A)-(B) ***
17		
18		(4)–(5) ***
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20		(Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2012; previously amended effective January 1, 2007,
21		January 1, 2009, July 1, 2010, and January 1, 2011.)
22		
23	(c)	***
24		
25		8.25 amended effective July 1, 2012; adopted as rule 40.1 effective January 1, 2005;
26	-	ously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007; previously amended effective
27 28	Janua	ary 1, 2009, July 1, 2010, January 1, 2011, and October 28, 2011.
29		Advisory Committee Comment
30		Advisory Committee Comment
31	Subd	livision (a) ***
32	Dubu	
33	Subd	livision (b) ***
34		
35	Subd	livision (b)(3). This rule includes applications to file amicus curiae briefs because, under
36	rules	8.200(c)(4) and 8.520(f)(5), a proposed amicus curiae brief must accompany the application
37	to file	e the brief.
38		
39	Subd	livision (c) ***
40		
41	Rule	8.104. Time to appeal
42		

1	(a)	Normal time			
2		(1)	Halana atatata a mala 0 100 mani la athamia a matica afamada mant ha		
3		<u>(1)</u>	Unless a statute or rule 8.108 provides otherwise, a notice of appeal must be filed on or before the earliest of:		
4 5			flied on or before the earnest of:		
6			(1)(A) 60 days after the superior court clerk serves on the party filing the		
7			notice of appeal a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a		
8			file-stamped copy of the judgment, showing the date either was served;		
9			The stamped copy of the judgment, showing the date either was served,		
10			(2)(B) 60 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by		
11			a party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a		
12			file-stamped copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of service; or		
13					
14			(3)(C) 180 days after entry of judgment.		
15					
16		(4) (2)	Service under $(1)(A)$ and $(2)(B)$ may be by any method permitted by the		
17			Code of Civil Procedure, including electronic service when permitted under		
18			Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and rules 2.250–2.261.		
19					
20		<u>(3)</u>	If the parties stipulated in the trial court under Code of Civil Procedure		
21			section 1019.5 to waive notice of the court order being appealed, the time to		
22			appeal under (1)(C) applies unless the court or a party serves notice of entry		
23			of judgment or a file-stamped copy of the judgment to start the time period		
2425			under $(1)(A)$ or (B) .		
26		(Subd	(a) amended effective July 1, 2012; previously amended effective January 1, 2007,		
27			anuary 1, 2010.)		
28		ana s	unuury 1, 2010.)		
29	(b)-(e) **	*		
30	(~) ()			
31	Rule	8.104 a	umended effective July 1, 2012; repealed and adopted as rule 2 effective January 1,		
32			ously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007; previously amended		
33	effect	ive Jan	nuary 1, 2005, January 1, 2010, January 1, 2011, and July 1, 2011.		
34					
35			Advisory Committee Comment		
36					
37	Subd	ivision	(a). Under subdivision (a)(1)(A), a notice of entry of judgment (or a copy of the		
38	-		nust show the date on which the clerk served the document. The proof of service		
39 40	establ	lishes t	he date that the 60-day period under subdivision (a)(1) $\underline{(A)}$ begins to run.		
41	Subdi	ivision	$(a)\frac{(2)(1)(B)}{(2)}$ requires that a notice of entry of judgment (or a copy of the judgment)		
42			on a party be accompanied by proof of service. The proof of service establishes the		
43			60-day period under subdivision (a) $\frac{(2)(1)(B)}{(1)(B)}$ begins to run. Although the general		

1 rule on service (rule 8.25(a)) requires proof of service for all documents served by parties, the 2 requirement is reiterated here because of the serious consequence of a failure to file a timely 3 notice of appeal (see subd. (e)). 4 5 Subdivision (b). * * * 6 7 Rule 8.108. Extending the time to appeal 8 9 * * * (a) 10 11 **(b)** Motion for new trial 12 13 If any party serves and files a valid notice of intention to move for a new trial, the 14 time to appeal from the judgment is extended for all parties as follows the 15 following extensions of time apply: 16 17 (1) If the motion for a new trial is denied, the time to appeal from the judgment is 18 extended for all parties until the earliest of: 19 20 (A)-(C) *** 21 22 If the trial court makes a finding of excessive or inadequate damages and (2) 23 grants the motion for a new trial subject to the condition that the motion is 24 denied if a party consents to the additur or remittitur of damages, the time to 25 appeal is extended as follows: 26 27 (A) If any party serves an acceptance of a the conditionally ordered additur 28 or remittitur of damages pursuant to a trial court finding of excessive or 29 inadequate damages within the time for accepting the additur or remittitur, the time to appeal from the judgment is extended for all 30 31 parties until 30 days after the date the party serves the acceptance. 32 33 (B) If a party serves a rejection of the additur or remittitur within the time 34 for accepting the additur or remittitur or if the time for accepting the 35 additur or remittitur expires, the time to appeal from the new trial order 36 is extended for all parties until the earliest of 30 days after the date the 37 party serves the rejection or 30 days after the date on which the time for 38 accepting the additur or remittitur expired. 39 40 (Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2012; adopted as subd (a); previously amended and 41 relettered effective January 1, 2008; previously amended effective January 1, 2011.) 42

(c)-	(h) ***
2002	8.108 amended effective July 1, 2012; repealed and adopted as rule 3 effective January 1, 2; previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007; previously amended tive January 1, 2008, and January 1, 2011.
Rul	e 8.254. New Authorities
<u>(a)</u>	Letter to court
	If a party learns of significant new authority, including new legislation, that was not available in time to be included in the last brief that the party filed or could have filed, the party may inform the Court of Appeal of this authority by letter.
<u>(b)</u>	Form and content
	The letter may provide only a citation to the new authority and identify, by citation to a page or pages in a brief on file, the issue on appeal to which the new authority is relevant. No argument or other discussion of the authority is permitted in the letter.
<u>(c)</u>	Service and filing
	The letter must be served and filed before the court files its opinion and as soon as possible after the party learns of the new authority. If the letter is served and filed after oral argument is heard, it may address only new authority that was not available in time to be addressed at oral argument.
Rule	8.254 adopted effective July 1, 2012.
	Advisory Committee Comment
	rule does not preclude a party from asking the presiding justice for permission to file
	lemental briefing under rule 8.200(a)(4). A letter filed under this rule does not change the of submission under rule 8.256.
	e 8.822. Time to appeal
(a)	Normal time
	(1) Unless a statute or rule 8.823 provides otherwise, a notice of appeal must be filed on or before the earliest of:

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2 3		(1)(A) 30 days after the trial court clerk mails the party filing the notice of appeal a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a file-			
4		stamped copy of the judgment, showing the date either was mailed;			
5		stamped copy of the judgment, one wing the date crimer was maned,			
6		(2)(B) 30 days after the party filing the notice of appeal serves or is served by			
7		a party with a document entitled "Notice of Entry" of judgment or a			
8		file-stamped copy of the judgment, accompanied by proof of service; or			
9					
10		(3)(C) 90 days after the entry of judgment.			
11					
12		(4)(2) Service under $(1)(A)$ and $(2)(B)$ may be by any method permitted by the			
13		Code of Civil Procedure, including electronic service when permitted under			
14		Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and rules 2.250-2.261.			
15 16		(2) If the portion stimulated in the trial court under Code of Civil Procedure			
17		(3) If the parties stipulated in the trial court under Code of Civil Procedure section 1019.5 to waive notice of the court order being appealed, the time to			
18		appeal under (1)(C) applies unless the court or a party serves notice of entry			
19		of judgment or a file-stamped copy of the judgment to start the time period			
20		under (1)(A) or (B).			
21					
22		(Subd (a) amended effective July 1, 2012; previously amended effective January 1, 2011.)			
23		(Suba (a) amenaca effective saily 1, 2012, previously amenaca effective sailarly 1, 2011.)			
24	(b)-	(d) ***			
25	(,-)				
26	Rule	8.822 amended effective July 1, 2012; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously			
27		nded effective January 1, 2011.			
28					
29	Rule	e 8.823. Extending the time to appeal			
30					
31	(a)	***			
32					
33	(b)	Motion for a new trial			
34					
35		If any party serves and files a valid notice of intention to move for a new trial, the			
36		time to appeal from the judgment is extended for all parties as follows the			
37		following extensions of time apply:			
38					
39		(1) If the motion is denied, the time to appeal from the judgment is extended for			
40		all parties until the earliest of:			
41		(A) (C) delete			
42		(A)– (C) ***			
43					

1		<u>(2)</u>	If the	trial court makes a finding of excessive or inadequate damages and	
2			grants the motion for a new trial subject to the condition that the motion is		
3			denie	ed if a party consents to the additur or remittitur of damages:	
4					
5			<u>(A)</u>	If any party serves an acceptance of a the conditionally ordered additur	
6				or remittitur of damages under a trial court finding of excessive or	
7				inadequate damages within the time for accepting the additur or	
8				remittitur, the time to appeal from the judgment is extended for all	
9				parties until 15 days after the date the party serves the acceptance.	
10					
11			<u>(B)</u>	If a party serves a rejection of the additur or remittitur within the time	
12				for accepting the additur or remittitur or if the time for accepting the	
13				additur or remittitur expires, the time to appeal from the new trial order	
14				is extended for all parties until the earliest of 30 days after the date the	
15				party serves the rejection or 30 days after the date on which the time for	
16				accepting the additur or remittitur expired.	
17					
18	(Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2012.)				
19					
20	(c)-((h) **	**		
21					
22	Rule	8.823	amende	ed effective July 1, 2012; adopted effective January 1, 2009; previously	
23	amen	ided ef	fective .	January 1, 2011.	
24					
25	Rule	10.7 4	11. Du	ities and authority of the presiding judge	
26					
27	(a)	***			
28					
29	<u>(b)</u>	Publ	licizing	g the opportunity to serve as a temporary judge	
30					
31		<u>(1)</u>	Exce	pt for those courts that have nine or fewer authorized judge positions or	
32			use o	only research attorneys as temporary judges, each trial court that uses	
33			court	-appointed temporary judges must publicize the opportunity to serve as	
34			a tem	porary judge whenever the court seeks to add attorneys to its pool of	
35			temp	orary judges or within a reasonable time before conducting its	
36			mand	latory training for temporary judges but, in any case, no less than once	
37			every	three years.	
38					
39		<u>(2)</u>	Cour	ts must publicize this opportunity in a manner that maximizes the	
40			poten	ntial for a diverse applicant pool, which includes publicizing the	
41				rtunity to legal communities and organizations, including all local bar	
42			assoc	ciations, in their geographical area. This publicity should encourage and	
43			must	provide an equal opportunity for all eligible individuals to seek	

1 positions as court-appointed temporary judges and not exclude individuals 2 based on their gender, race, ethnicity, disability, religion, sexual orientation, 3 age, or other protected class. 4 5 (Subd (b) adopted effective July 1, 2012.) 6 7 Nondiscrimination in application and selection procedure (c) 8 9 Each trial court that uses court-appointed temporary judges must conduct an 10 application and selection procedure for temporary judges that ensures the most 11 qualified applicants for appointment are selected and must not reject applicants 12 who otherwise meet the requirements for appointment based on their gender, race, 13 ethnicity, disability, religion, sexual orientation, age, or other protected class. 14 Among the qualifications to be considered in the selection procedure are the 15 applicant's exposure to and experience with diverse populations and issues related 16 to those populations. 17 18 (Subd (c) amended effective July 1, 2012.)

19 20

(b)(d) ***

21 22

(Subd (d) relettered effective July 1, 2012; adopted as subd. (b).)

23 24

Rule 10.741 amended effective July 1, 2012; adopted as rule 6.741 effective July 1, 2006; previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007.

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Advisory Committee Comment

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Subdivision (b). This subdivision is intended to offer all attorneys who satisfy the requirements for appointment under rule 2.812 the opportunity to serve as temporary judges and to expand the size and diversity of the pool of eligible candidates. Pursuant to the rule, courts that do not use temporary judges, that have nine or fewer authorized and funded judge positions, or that only use their research attorneys as temporary judges are exempt from the requirement to publicize the opportunity to serve as a temporary judge. Courts that use temporary judges may publicize the opportunity in a manner they determine to be most effective, given their individual circumstances. In attempting to broaden the diversity of the temporary judge applicant pool, courts also have the flexibility to widen the geographical areas in which they publicize the opportunity. Thus, courts are not limited to publicizing their temporary judge program through the local or state bar associations. However, they must include all local bar associations when they do so. Further, the method of publication is purposefully left to the court's discretion. No-cost methods exist, such as email, use of the court's public website, and oral announcements at local bar association or legal organization events. Publicizing this opportunity no less than once

1 every three years should increase the potential for greater diversity among the temporary judges 2 who serve the courts. 3 4 **Subdivision (c).** This subdivision emphasizes that the selection and appointment process must be 5 devoid of discrimination. These provisions are intended to discourage favoritism in the 6 appointment process and permit the courts to consider, as an additional qualification, an 7 attorney's exposure to and experience with the diverse populations and issues unique to that 8 population in the county where they are seeking appointment. "Exposure to and experience with 9 diverse populations" includes work, social interaction, educational experiences, or community 10 involvement with individuals or groups from diverse communities that may appear in court. 11 12 Rule 10.743. Administrator of temporary judges program 13 14 *** (a) 15 **Duties of administrator** 16 **(b)** 17 Under the supervision of the presiding judge, the Temporary Judge Administrator 18 19 is responsible for the management of the temporary judges program in the court. 20 The administrator's duties include: 21 22 (1)–(2) *** 23 24 Assisting the presiding judge in the recruitment and selection of attorneys to 25 serve as temporary judges, as provided in rule 10.741; 26 27 (4)–(11) *** 28 29 (Subd (b) amended effective July 1, 2012; previously amended effective January 1, 2007.) 30 31 Rule 10.743 amended effective July 1, 2012; adopted as rule 6.743 effective July 1, 2006; 32 previously amended and renumbered effective January 1, 2007. 33